

Megacities

Collins

A megacity is a metropolitan area with a total population in excess of 10 million people. In addition, some definitions set the minimum level for population density at 2000 people per square kilometre. A megacity can be a single metropolitan area or two or more metropolitan areas that converge.

Total population
in cities >1 million
221 952 000

by 2025
630
million people
will live in
megacities

South America

Total population
in cities >1 million
161 034 000

Bogotá
Lima

Rio de Janeiro
Belo Horizonte
São Paulo
Buenos Aires
Santiago

Total population
in cities >1 million
134 083 000

Europe

Total population
in cities >1 million
172 634 000

Africa

OVER 10 MILLION
Osaka, Manila, Beijing, Dhaka, Delhi, Kolkata, Mumbai, Karachi, Lahore, Tianjin, Wuhan, Hong Kong, Xian, Shenyang, Foshan, Guangzhou, Chongqing, Shenzhen
OVER 5 MILLION
Baghdad, Riyadh, London, Madrid, Barcelona, Khartoum, Luanda, Nairobi, Lagos, Cairo, Jakarta, Seoul, Dongguan, Ho Chi Minh City, Pune, Lahore, Tehran

World Population – 7 billion

There are over 1.5 billion people
living in cities with a population
over 1 million

Total population
in cities >1 million
807 595 000

Oceania

Total population
in cities >1 million
15 177 000

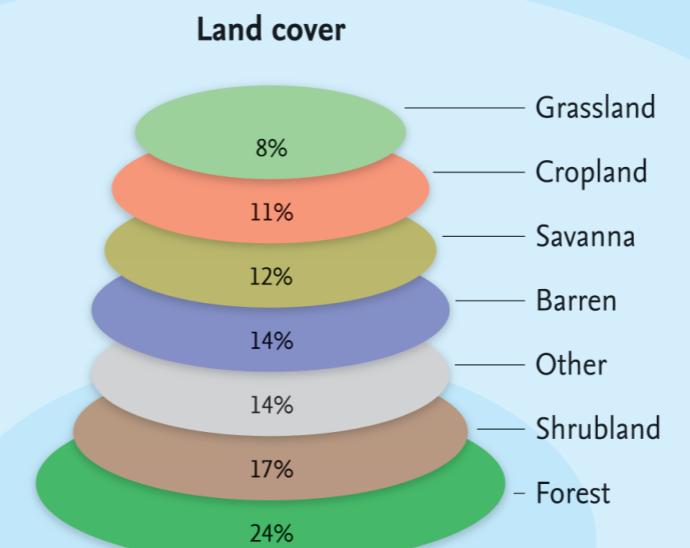
Perth
Adelaide
Melbourne
Auckland
Sydney
Brisbane

Key

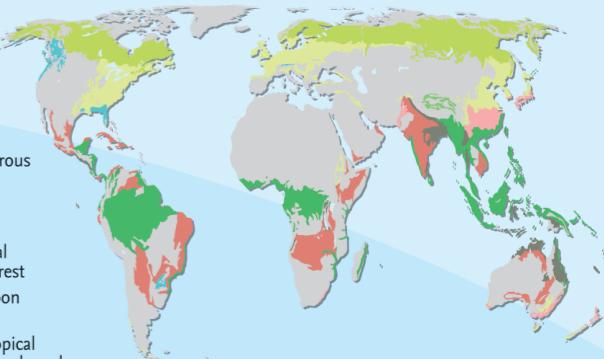
Cities
over 10 million

5 – 10 million

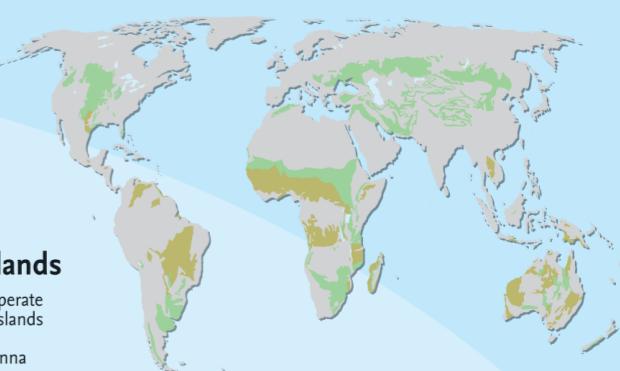
1 – 5 million

**World's longest rivers****Forests**

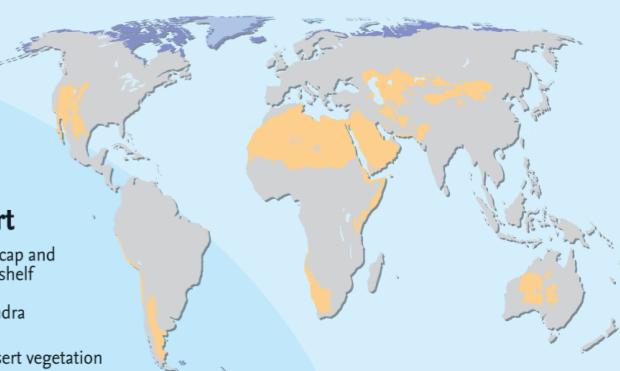
- Boreal forest
- Coniferous forest
- Mixed forest
- Tropical rain forest
- Monsoon forest
- Dry tropical forest and scrub
- Sub tropical forest

**Grasslands**

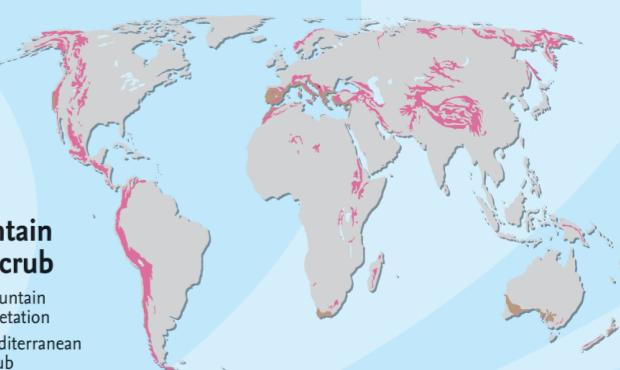
- Temperate grasslands
- Savanna

**Desert**

- Ice cap and ice shelf
- Tundra
- Desert vegetation

**Mountain and scrub**

- Mountain vegetation
- Mediterranean scrub

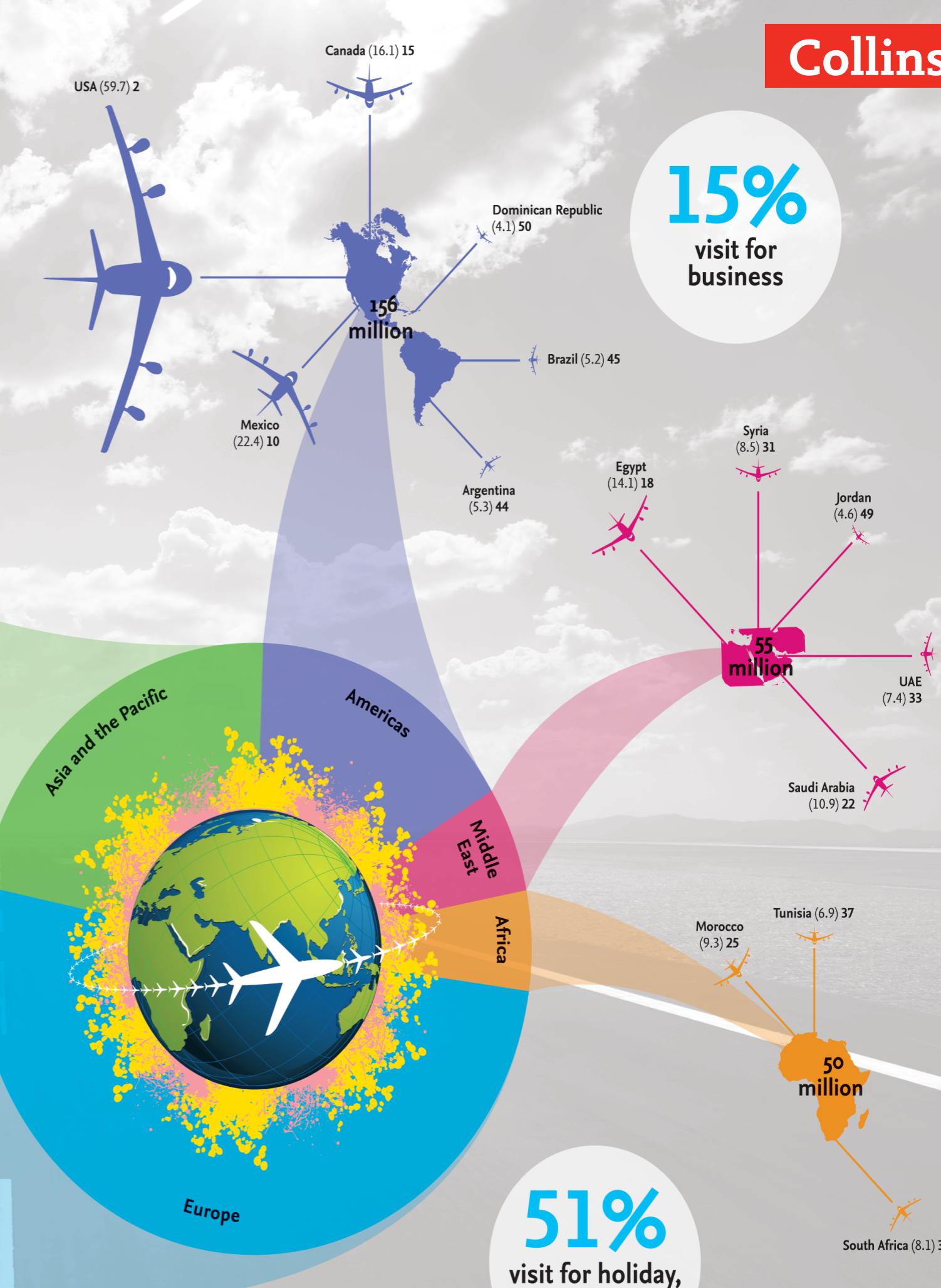
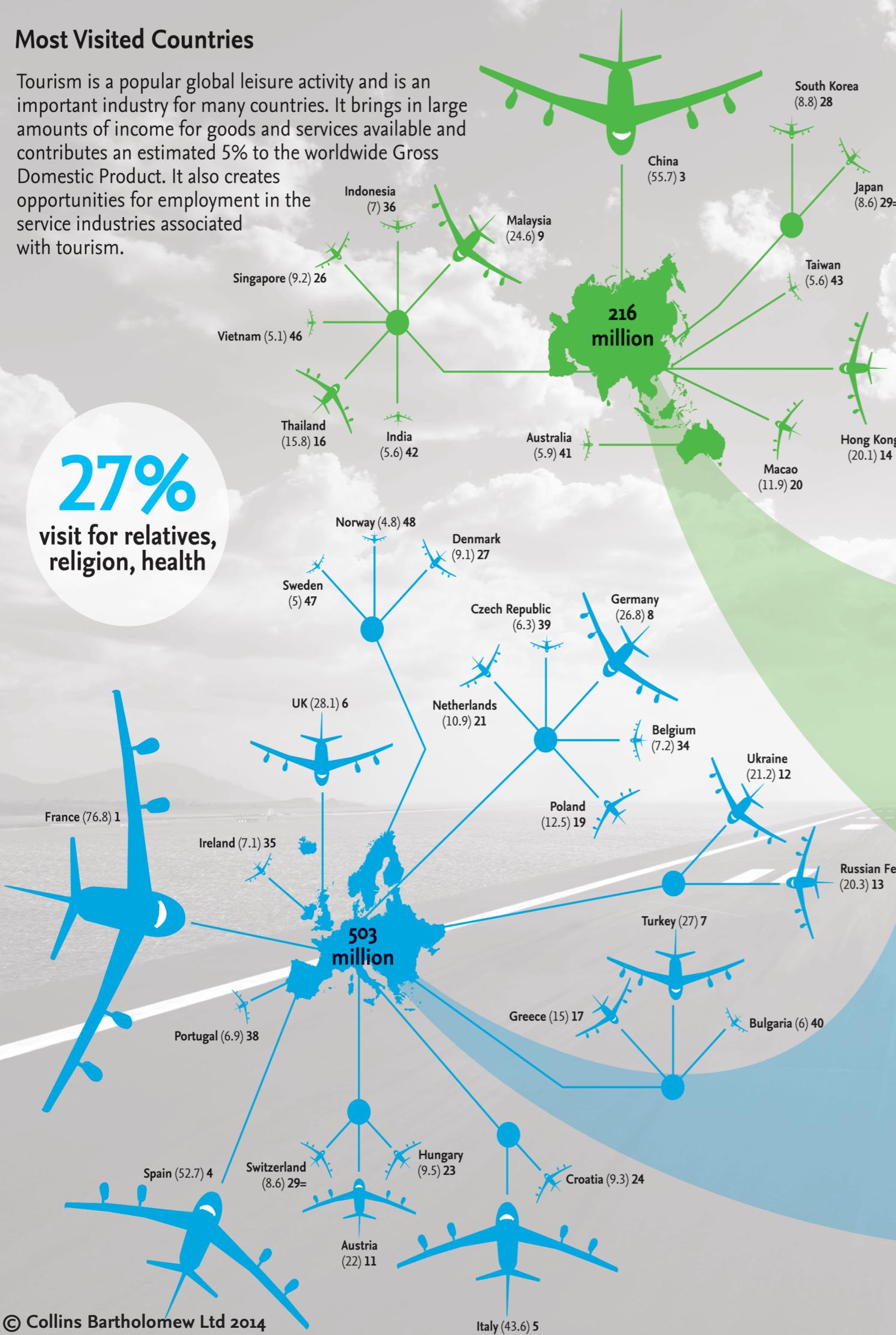


Most Visited Countries

Tourism is a popular global leisure activity and is an important industry for many countries. It brings in large amounts of income for goods and services available and contributes an estimated 5% to the worldwide Gross Domestic Product. It also creates opportunities for employment in the service industries associated with tourism.

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27%
visit for relatives,
religion, health



For each country, the number in brackets is the number of tourists (millions) that visited the country. This is followed by its most visited rank.

51%
visit for holiday,
recreation
and leisure

15%
visit for business