MATHS WORKBOOK 3–6

Shape, space and measures answers

Pages 50–51 Scales

1 a 14 m **b** 58 kg **c** 430 grams **d** 5.1 cm **e** 75 mph **f** 64 litres

2 a 1.1 kg **b** 360 g

3 3 h 55 m

4 a 11:40 b 1 h 25 m c i 20 m ii 46 m

5 1.62 cm

Pages 52-53 Metric units

1 a 13.5 kg **b** £23 **c** £8

2 6

3 a 3250 g **b** 6.5 l **c** 42.5 cm

4 4 kg 200 g

5 7.8 kg (1 mark for 7800 g)

6 £4 (1 mark for 400)

7 92 $\frac{3}{4}$ kg

8 0.5 litres or 50 cl or 500 ml (1 mark for value, 1 mark for units)

Pages 54-55 Imperial units

1 12

2 8

3 56

4 66

5 3

6 2.5

7 4.5

8 8.5 to 9 pounds

9 80 km

10 $\frac{1}{2}$ lb, 10 oz, 600 g, 1 kg

11 8 pounds (1 mark for 3.5 kg)

12 1 m 80 cm

13 2 litres \approx 3.5 pints

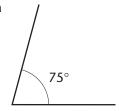
MATHS WORKBOOK 3–6

Shape, space and measures answers

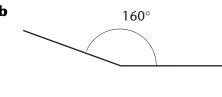
Pages 56-57 Measuring angles and bearings

- **1** 360°
- **2** 90°
- **3 a** Acute **b** Reflex
- **4 a** 35–45° **b** 275–285°
- **5 a** 50° **b** 150°

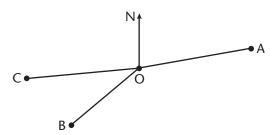
6 a



b



- **7 a** A is 9 km, B is 7 km, C is 10 km
 - **b** A is 080° , B is 230° , C is 300°
- 8 Shown half scale



Pages 58-59 Angle facts

- **1** 60°
- **2** 80°
- **3** 25°
- **4** 88°
- **5** 78°
- **6** 18°
- **7** 70°
- **8** 98°
- **9** 87°
- **10** 103°

MATHS WORKBOOK 3-6

Shape, space and measures answers

Pages 60-61 Angles in parallel lines and polygons

1
$$a = 50^{\circ} \ b = 130^{\circ} \ c = 50^{\circ}$$

2 $d = 72^{\circ}$ because alternate angles

3 $e = 55^{\circ}$ because corresponding angles

4 $f = 120^{\circ}$ because allied angles

5 $g = 50^{\circ}$ because (vertically) opposite angles, $h = 130^{\circ}$ because allied angles

6 540°

7 Each interior angle is 120° and Each exterior angle is 60°

8 $x = 72^{\circ}$ $y = 144^{\circ}$ $z = 72^{\circ}$

9 Angles at any corner are $90^{\circ} = 360^{\circ} - 135^{\circ} - 135^{\circ}$ and all sides equal

Pages 62-63 Symmetry

1 2

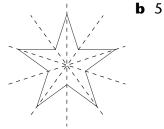
2 4

3 1

4 1

5 It has no lines of symmetry and It has rotational symmetry of order 2

6 a



7 a i 2 ii 2

b i 0 ii 2

c i 0 ii 2

d i 1 ii 1

8



9 i 8, 0, 7, 6, 4 ii 8, 6, 7, 6, 4

10

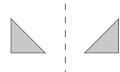


MATHS WORKBOOK 3-6

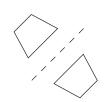
Shape, space and measures answers

Pages 64-65 Reflections and rotations

1



2

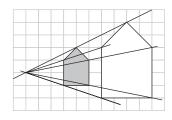


- **3** 180°
- **4** 270°
- **5 i B** 90° **C** 180° **D** 270° (reversed if all anticlockwise) **ii** All clockwise **iii** All origin
- **6 B** y-axis **C** y = x **D** x-axis
- **7 a** A(-1, 3): A'(3, -1) B(-3, 1): B'(1, -3) C(-1, 1): C'(1, -1) **b** x- and y-coordinates have swapped over.
- 8 i C ii E iii D iv B

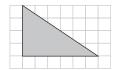
Pages 66-67 Enlargements

1 A 2 B $2\frac{1}{2}$

2



3



4



- **5** A'(2, 2), B'(2, 8), C'(6, 2)
- **6** A(2, 1), B(1, 2), C(2, 2)
- **7 a** B **b** A **c** C

MATHS WORKBOOK 3-6

Shape, space and measures answers

Pages 68-69 3-D shapes

1 Cube Cylinder Cuboid

2 a 12 **b** 6 **c** 8

3 a 8 **b** 5 **c** 5

4 Triangular prism

5 a, b and c

6 Square-based pyramid

7 a

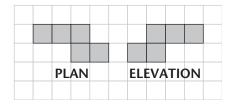


b

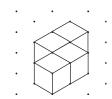


8 a 3 **b** Infinite **c** 7

9



10



(1 mark for any isometric diagram with 4 cubes)

Pages 70-71 Perimeter and area

- **1** 24 cm
- 2 24 cm (1 mark for units)
- **3** 12 cm² (1 mark for units)
- **4 a** 12 cm **b** 6 cm² (1 mark for both units)
- **5 a** 36 cm **b** 60 cm² (1 mark for both units)
- **6** A = 6 cm² B = 5 cm² C = $4\frac{1}{2}$ cm² D = 6 cm²
- **7** $7\frac{1}{2}$ m² (1 mark for units)
- 8 21 cm² (1 mark for units)

MATHS WORKBOOK 3–6

Shape, space and measures answers

Pages 72-73 Circumference and area of a circle

- **1** 15.7 cm
- **2** 25.1 m
- **3** 8 cm
- **4** 24.6 cm (1 mark for units)
- **5** 25.7 cm
- 6 28.3 cm²
- **7** 19.6 cm² (1 mark for units)
- **8** 81π cm²
- **9** 50.3 cm²
- **10** 21.5 cm²

Pages 74-75 Volume

- 1 48 cm³
- **2 a** 15 cm³ **b** 46 cm²
- **3** 2 cm
- 4 210 cm² (1 mark for units)
- **5** 4 cm
- **6** 8 cm
- **7** 600 cm³ (6 m³)
- **8** D = 180 cm³, C = 240 cm³, A = 288 cm³, B = 625 cm³
- **9** 800 litres (1 mark for 800 000 cm³ or 0.8 m³)
- **10** 4 cm