
Cambridge English Qualifications

A1

Movers

Three Practice Tests

Parent's Guide

Collins

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Contents

Introduction	4
<hr/>	
Guide to Cambridge English Qualifications A1 Movers	
Listening	6
Reading & Writing	12
Speaking	19
<hr/>	
Tips for your child on test day	24
<hr/>	
Vocabulary practice	25
<hr/>	
Key to tests	
<hr/>	
Test 1	
Audio scripts for Listening	27
Answer key	30
Scripts for Speaking	31
Test 2	
Audio scripts for Listening	34
Answer key	37
Scripts for Speaking	38
Test 3	
Audio scripts for Listening	41
Answer key	44
Scripts for Speaking	45
<hr/>	
Glossary	48
<hr/>	
Vocabulary list	49
<hr/>	

Introduction

Welcome to the Parent's Guide to the Collins practice tests book for *Cambridge English Qualifications A1 Movers*.

This guide contains a comprehensive overview of each section of *Cambridge English Qualifications A1 Movers* to help parents and students to understand how the test works. It is also full of tips and ideas to help your child to prepare for the test and contains the answer keys to the tests in the practice tests book scripts for the Speaking papers and audio scripts of the online recordings.

We hope you and your child enjoy preparing for *Cambridge English Qualifications A1 Movers*. Good luck!

Cambridge English Qualifications A1 Movers Young Learners tests

Cambridge English Qualifications A1 Movers Young Learners tests are for learners of English between the ages of 7 and 12.

The tests are comprised of three levels: *Pre A1 Starters*, *A1 Movers* and *A2 Flyers*. These tests are designed to take learners from beginner level up to CEFR level A2. The *A1 Movers* test is roughly equivalent to CEFR level A1.

There's no pass or fail in these tests – instead, every child gets a certificate with between one and five shields in each paper to show their level of achievement.

What's in the A1 Movers test?

A1 Movers is the second and middle level of the series and is typically aimed at students between the ages of 8 and 11. Instructions are simple and the content of the test consists only of the words and structures outlined in the *A1 Movers* syllabus. The official vocabulary list for *A1 Movers* is included at the back of this guide, and the full syllabus can be found in the *Cambridge English Qualifications Young Learner's Handbook for Teachers*.

The test has three papers:

Paper	Length	Number of parts	Number of items
Listening	approx. 25 minutes	5	25
Reading & Writing	30 minutes	6	35
Speaking	5–7 minutes	4	–

On pages 6–23, you will find further detailed information for each part of each paper, together with teaching tips and ideas to help you to prepare your child.

How to use this guide and the practice tests

This guide has been designed to give you a thorough introduction to the *Cambridge English Qualifications A1 Movers* test. The guide accompanies the Collins practice tests book for *Cambridge English Qualifications A1 Movers* and includes for each of the three practice tests:

- audio scripts for Listening
- answer keys
- scripts for Speaking (also online, first without and then with student's responses).

The practice tests replicate the *Cambridge English Qualifications A1 Movers* test in terms of layout and content.

This guide also includes tips for your child on test day (see page 24) and vocabulary practice for you to do with your child (see page 25), so that they feel fully prepared and confident on test day.

Here are some suggestions as to how you can use the practice tests to help your child at home:

- **Examine the structure of papers**
Help your child to become familiar with the structure of each paper, so that they don't leave out a part by mistake.
- **Study the rubrics in each part**
The rubrics used in the practice tests are identical to those used in the test papers – if your child becomes familiar with the rubrics, then they won't misinterpret instructions on test day and lose marks.
- **Create the exam experience**
You can get your child to do these practice tests under timed exam conditions so that they get used to this feeling and are not nervous on test day.
- **Revise grammar and vocabulary**
The practice tests use a wide variety of grammatical structures and vocabulary from the *A1 Movers* syllabus. While the course book that you're using is likely to deal with these language and topics separately, in these practice tests your child will find the language all mixed together, as it will be in the test. The practice tests give your child the opportunity to recycle and revise topic work that they have done in class in an authentic way.

Guide to Cambridge English Qualifications A1 Movers

Listening

Summary

Time: 25 minutes

Number of questions: 25

Part	Material	Skills	Desired outcome	Number of questions
1	Picture, names and dialogue	Listening for names and descriptions	Draw lines to match names to people in a picture	5
2	Text with missing words and dialogue	Listening for names, spellings, and other information	Write words or numbers in gaps	5
3	Two sets of pictures and dialogue	Listening for detailed information	Match pictures with illustrated word or name by writing letters in boxes	5
4	Three-option multiple-choice pictures and dialogues	Listening for specific information of various kinds	Tick boxes below correct pictures	5
5	Picture and dialogue	Listening for words, colours and specific information	Follow instructions to colour or write on a picture	5

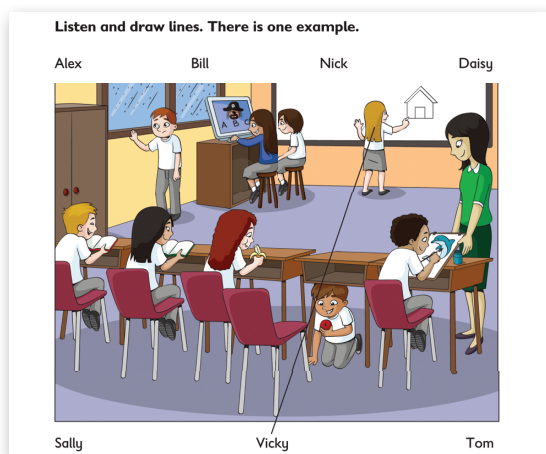
General tips for your child

- Listen carefully to the instructions.
- Remember that you will hear an example once at the start of each part.
- Stay calm – if you miss the answer to a question during the first recording, you will get another chance to get it when you listen again.
- You don't have to spell the words perfectly if they are not spelt out for you in the recording.
- Make sure you know the vocabulary, grammar and structures in the *A1 Movers* syllabus, including the expressions you will hear in the recording scripts, such as *Pardon? Sorry? Right.*

Listening Part 1

Students look at a big picture showing people doing different things. There are seven names above and below the picture. Students listen to a dialogue between an adult and a child talking about the people in the picture. Students draw lines between the names and the correct people in the picture. There is one example.

This is what Part 1 looks like. In the test, there are five more extracts from the dialogue about the people in the picture.



This is what you hear ...

**Look at Part 1. Look at the picture.
Listen and look. There is one example.**

- Woman: What are you doing in this picture? Is it a lesson?
- Boy: No, it isn't. We couldn't go to the playground because it rained that day. We played in the classroom after lunch.
- Woman: Oh, OK. Who's that?
- Boy: The blonde girl who's drawing the house on the board?
- Woman: Yes, who's she?
- Boy: That's Vicky. She's very good at drawing.

Can you see the line? This is an example. Now you listen and draw lines.

Tips for your child

- Look carefully at the picture before you listen to the dialogue. You will need to focus on the differences between similar people so try to think about what sort of language might be used to describe them before you listen.
- Be aware that the language of this part of the task will include descriptions of people's clothes and physical appearance, as well as what they are doing.
- Draw neat, straight lines so that your answers are clear.

How to help your child at home


- Make sure that your child is familiar with the names listed in the *A1 Movers* vocabulary list at the back of this guide.
- Practice describing people as much as you can.
 - Describe people you see when you are out and about.
 - Cut out some pictures from magazines and get your child to describe them.
 - Describe a picture of someone to your child and ask them to draw the person.
- Make sure that your child understands these common expressions from the recordings of this part of the test:
 - Can you see ...?
 - Who's that boy/girl/man/woman?
 - Which one's he/she?
 - Is he the boy/girl/man/woman in the ...?
 - Who's the boy/girl/man/woman who's ...?
 - Is he/she wearing a ...?
 - Yes, that's him/her.
 - No, I mean the boy/girl/man/woman who's ...
 - That's ...
- Get your child to practise drawing lines accurately and neatly.

Listening Part 2

This is a note-taking exercise. Students listen to a dialogue between two people, then write a word to fill the five gaps on a form or page of a notepad. Students are not penalised for misspellings if the words are not spelled out on the recording. There is one example.

This is what Part 2 looks like. In the test, there are three more gaps to fill and five more extracts from the dialogue to listen to.

Listen and write. There is one example.



Sports centre homework

Comes: every Saturday

1 Favourite sport:

2 Comes to sports centre by:

This is what you hear ...

Part 2. Listen and look. There is one example.

Girl: Can I ask you some questions about the sports centre? It's for my homework.

Man: Yes, OK.

Girl: Thanks. So, how often do you come to the sports centre?

Man: I come every Saturday.

Girl: Thank you.

Can you see the answer? Now you listen and write.

Tips for your child

- Look carefully at the gaps in the form or notepad before you listen to work out what sort of information will go there.
- There will always be a word that will be spelt out – this is likely to be the name of a person or place, so try to work out which gap this is before you listen so that you are prepared for it.
- Make sure you know your letters really well before you go into the test.

How to help your child at home

- Play vocabulary games (see pages 25–26) with types of words that your child might hear in this part of the test, e.g. days of the week and forms of transport (see *A1 Movers* vocabulary list at the back of this guide).
- Play spelling games, e.g. hold up flashcards and ask your child to spell the word. Focus on the double letter form where possible, e.g. *K-A-N-G-A-R-double-O*.




Listening Part 3





There are two sets of pictures in Part 3. On the left-hand page, there are six pictures of named people, things or places. On the right-hand page, there are eight pictures with letters but no names or words. Students listen to a dialogue, which is mainly led by one speaker. They match the lettered pictures with the named pictures by writing letters in boxes on the left-hand page. There is one example.

This is what Part 3 looks like. In the test, there are three more named items on the left-hand page and four more lettered items on the right-hand page. There are another five extracts from the dialogue to listen to.

Julia is telling her teacher about her family's weekend. What did each person do?

Listen and write a letter in each box. There is one example.

	Mum	<input type="text" value="E"/>
	Dad	<input type="text"/>
	Aunt Zoe	<input type="text"/>

	
A	B
	
E	F

This is what you hear ...

Part 3. Julia is telling her teacher about her family's weekend. What did each person do? Listen and write a letter in each box. There is one example.

Man: Hello Julia. Did you have a good weekend?

Girl: Yes, I did. All the people in my family were very busy this weekend!

Man: Why? What did they do?

Girl: They did a lot of different things! My Mum went to the swimming pool on Saturday. She goes every week because she loves swimming.

Man: I do too!

Can you see the letter "E"? Now you listen and write a letter in each box.

Tips for your child

- Read the sentence and the question at the beginning very carefully, because the dialogue will be easier to understand if you understand the context.
- Before you listen, look at the unnamed pictures on the right-hand page and think about or note down words to describe them. This will help you to prepare for what you are about to hear.
- Remember that the speakers will mention the two lettered items that are not used, so don't think that simply because you heard the word, it must be the answer to that question. Listen carefully to what the speaker says about each item.

How to help your child at home

- Play vocabulary games (see pages 25–26) with words from topics that your child might hear in this part of the test, e.g. days of the week, activities, places, transport (see *A1 Movers* vocabulary list at the back of this guide).
- Play vocabulary games (see pages 25–26) to practise the past tense of common verbs which your child will need to understand here.
- Get hold of two sets of pictures – name one set (e.g. a group of named children) and letter the other (e.g. a set of lettered items of clothing). Get your child to write sentences linking one item from each set (e.g. *Julia bought some new shorts yesterday.*) Then you make up some sentences and ask your child to match the items from what you've said.


Listening Part 4

Part 4 contains five three-option multiple-choice questions with pictures. Students listen to five dialogues – there is one question for each dialogue. Students tick the correct picture. There is also one example and one example dialogue.


This is what Part 4 looks like. In the test, there are three questions and five more extracts from the dialogue to listen to.

Listen and tick (✓) the box. There is one example.


What's the matter with Paul?



A ☒




B ☐




C ☐


1 Which man is Mary's father?



A ☐




B ☐




C ☐


2 What's Jane doing now?



A ☐



B ☐



C ☐

This is what you hear ...

Part 4. Look at the pictures. Listen and look. There is one example.

What's the matter with Paul?

Woman: What's the matter, Paul? Have you got a stomach-ache?

Boy: No, my stomach is OK. It's my ears that hurt.

Woman: Oh dear, do you have a headache as well?

Boy: No, I only have an earache.

Woman: Shall we go and see the doctor?

Boy: Let's see how I am in the morning.

Woman: OK.

Can you see the tick? Now you listen and tick the box.

Tips for your child

- Before you listen, read all the questions and look at all the pictures carefully. Think about or note down words that you might use to describe these pictures – sometimes you'll just see a thing and sometimes it will be a person doing something.
- All the items are usually mentioned in each dialogue so don't write down the first one you hear.
- The correct answer may come at any point in the dialogue so don't necessarily tick the one that you hear last.

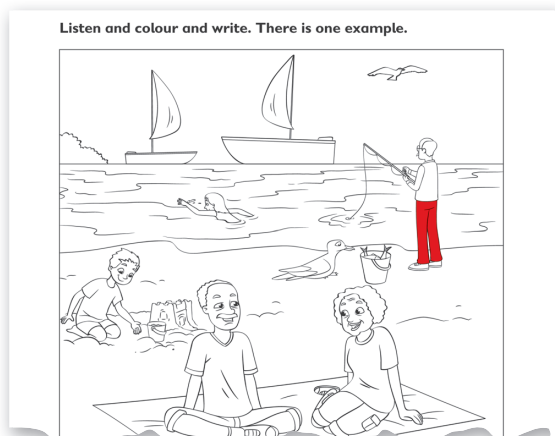
How to help your child at home

- Play vocabulary games (see pages 25–26) with words from topics that your child might hear in this part of the test, e.g. weather, food, prepositions, clothes, the home (see A1 Movers vocabulary list at the back of this guide).
- Get your child to draw three slightly different pictures. Then describe what is happening in one of the pictures and your child must guess which one you are referring to.

Listening Part 5

There is a large picture in Part 5, which is mostly black and white. Students listen to a dialogue between an adult and child. The adult gives the child instructions to colour various items, and write a simple word. Students listen, then colour and write a word. There is one example.

This is what Part 5 looks like. In the test, there are five more instructions like this to listen to.



This is what you hear ...

Part 5. Look at the picture. Listen and look.
There is one example.

- Man: Would you like to colour this picture for me?
Girl: Yes, please. What fun they are having at the beach!
Man: There's a man who's fishing. Can you see him?
Girl: Yes, I can.
Man: Colour his trousers red.
Girl: OK, I'm doing that now.

Can you see the red trousers? This is an example.
Now you listen and colour and write.

Tips for your child

- Remember to have your colouring pencils ready for this part of the test.
- Remember that this test is not just colouring, but also you have to write a simple word.
- Don't worry if your colouring or writing is not very good. Just make sure that it's clear that you've understood the instructions.
- This part of the test is more challenging than it looks. You need to be able to understand language that describes slightly different items, so listen very carefully to the instructions.

How to help your child at home

- Play vocabulary games (see pages 25–26) with words from topics that your child might hear in this part of the test, e.g. colours, prepositions, places, clothes, animals, the body and face (see *A1 Movers* vocabulary list at the back of this guide).
- Find a colouring book which has colour versions and black and white versions of the same pictures. Give your child a black and white picture and give them instructions about how to colour each part of the picture. Compare pictures at the end. You could get your child to draw their own colour and black and white pictures for this activity.
- Make sure that your child understands these common expressions that they might hear in this part:
 - *Can you see ...?*
 - *Colour it ...*
 - *Now you can write something.*
 - *Would you like to colour something ...?*
 - *Now some more colouring.*
 - *What else can I colour?*
 - *Can I write something now?*
 - *I'd like to colour the ...*
 - *What colour shall I use?*

Reading & Writing

Summary

Time: 40 minutes

Number of questions: 35

Part	Material	Skills	Desired outcome	Number of questions
1	Word and pictures (nouns)	Reading short definitions and matching them to words; writing words	Copy the words next to correct definitions	5
2	Gapped text, words and pictures	Reading a text and copying words	Circle the letters next to the correct responses	6
3	Gapped text; missing words (nouns, adjectives or verbs) illustrated in box; three-option multiple-choice question for story title	Reading for specific information and gist; copying words	Select and copy the correct word for each gap; then tick the box next to the best story title	6
4	Gapped text with three-option grammatical multiple-choice for each gap	Reading and understanding a factual text and grammatical structures; copying words	Choose and copy the correct word for each gap	5
5	Story, picture and gapped sentences	Reading and understanding a story; completing sentences	Complete sentences about the story by writing one, two or three words in each gap	7
6	One picture with sentences and questions about it	Reading and understanding sentences; writing one-word answers; writing full sentences	Complete sentences, answer questions and write complete sentences about the picture	6

General tips for your child









- You must use correct spelling in all parts of the Reading & Writing paper.
- You need to write clearly so that the examiner can read what you've written. You may find it easier not to use joined-up writing.
- Don't waste time writing long answers when you don't need to.

Reading & Writing Part 1

There are five definitions and eight nouns, which are illustrated. Students write the correct word next to each definition. There is one example.

This is what Part 1 looks like. In the test, there are three more definitions.

Look and read. Choose the correct words and write them on the lines. There is one example.

 a whale	 a clown
 earache	 a kitten
 a hospital	 a teacher
 football	 a doctor

Example

This person is very funny. a clown

Questions

1 You go and see this person when you are not well.

2 This is a baby cat.

Tips for your child

- Read all the words and look at all the pictures before you start writing any answers, so that you know all the different options.
- Start with the words you are most confident about and cross them out as you use them.
- Remember that you'll see both singular and plural nouns and you must copy the words exactly as they appear (with or without the article) when you write them or you will lose marks.

How to help your child at home

- Play vocabulary games (see pages 25–26) with words from topics that your child might hear in this part of the test, e.g. clothes, food, the home, places, animals, sports and jobs (see *A1 Movers* vocabulary list at the back of this guide). Start by keeping the words in their topics, then mix the words up so that your child gets used to dealing with them together, as they will have to in this part of the test.
- Give your child a list of words and ask them to write their own definitions.
- Give your child a list of definitions and pin the nouns around the house. Ask them to find the words to match their definitions. Give them a time limit to make it more fun!


Reading & Writing Part 2

Students read a short dialogue between two speakers. They must choose what the second speaker says each time from a set of three multiple-choice options. They put a circle around the correct answer. There is one picture on the test paper, which gives a context to the dialogue. There is one example.

This is what Part 2 looks like. In the test, there are five more questions.

Read the text and choose the best answer.

Paul is telling his friend Daisy about a film he saw at the cinema.



Example

Daisy: Hi Paul, did you enjoy the cinema?

Paul: A Yes, I have.
 B Yes, I did.
 C Yes, I do.

Questions

I Daisy: Did you see the new film about lions in the jungle?

Paul: A Yes, I saw a film about pirates.
 B No, I saw a film about pirates.
 C Yes, I can.

Tips for your child

- Read all the options before you choose the best one.
- Look for clues in the questions, which might tell you what sort of response you're looking for, for example in the example question above, Daisy asks a question in the past simple, *did you have fun*, so the answer must also be in the past simple, yes, *I did*.
- When you've finished, read the whole dialogue back again to make sure it all makes sense.

How to help your child at home

- Practise asking and answering questions with your child. Show how some types of questions prompt particular types of answers. Make full questions with the prompts in the box.

Question types	Expected responses
Where ... ?	A place
Who ... ?	A person
When ... ?	A time
What ... ?	A thing
Why ... ?	A reason / <i>Because ...</i>
Are you ... ?	<i>Yes, I am. / No, I'm not.</i>
Do you ... ?	<i>Yes, I do / No, I don't.</i>
Have you ... ?	<i>Yes, I have ... / No, I haven't ...</i>
Will you ... ?	<i>Yes, I will. / No, I won't.</i>

Reading & Writing Part 3







Students read a text with five gaps in it and look at nine words and pictures in a box. They choose the best words to go in each gap and write them in. The gapped words are nouns, adjectives or verbs (present and past). There are two extra words and pictures that students will not use. They must use correct spelling. There is also one example. In the last question in this part, students must choose the best title for the story from a choice of three.

This is what Part 3 looks like. In the test, the text is longer and there are three more gaps.

Read the story. Choose a word from the box. Write the correct word next to numbers 1–5. There is one example.

Last Tuesday, it was very sunny. Vicky went to the park with her mum.
They rode their bikes and took a picnic. When they got to
the park, Vicky played football with some children. Then Vicky and her
mum (1) their cheese sandwiches and drank some
orange juice.

Example

 bikes	 cold	 tallest
 trousers	 arms	 shouted

Tips for your child

- Read the whole text through first to get a general idea of what it means before trying to fill in any of the gaps.
- Remember that the missing words are testing your grammar and vocabulary so look carefully at the words around each gap and try to work out what sort of word you would expect to see there, e.g. in question 1 above, the gap comes after a person and before a noun, so it must be a verb.
- For the last question, remember that the title must be the best summary of the whole story and not just part of it.

How to help your child at home

- Make sure that your child is confident when it comes to identifying the different parts of language: noun, adjective and verb (see glossary on page 48).
- Choose an extract from one of your child's books and blank out some nouns, adjectives, verbs and adverbs, which appear in the *A1 Movers* vocabulary list at the back of this guide. Before you give your child the missing words, get them to predict what type of word would go in each gap and to come up with some suggestions. Then give them the missing words so that they can complete the activity.
- When your child becomes more confident, you could ask them to write little stories and blank out their own words.

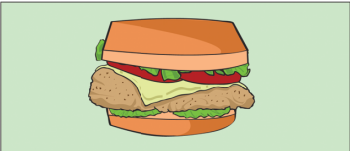
Reading & Writing Part 4

Students read a factual text containing five gaps. They have a choice of three words to fill each gap. They choose the correct words and copy them into the gaps. These words have a grammatical focus and include prepositions, pronouns and verbs. There is one example.

This is what Part 4 looks like. In the test, there is a longer text and four more gaps to fill.

Read the text. Choose the correct words and write them on the lines.

Sandwiches



Example

1 You make a sandwich with bread. You can put cheese, fish, meat or salad sandwiches. Children sometimes take sandwiches school with them. People sometimes eat sandwiches when they have a picnic.

2 In 1762, a man called Mr Sandwich the first

Example	out of	off	in
1	to	on	under

Tips for your child

- Read the text all the way through before you start filling the gaps.
- Try to work out what sort of word would fill the gap before you look at the options.
- If you get stuck, look at all the options and try to work out the difference between them. For example, if the options are *eating*, *ate* and *eats*, think about when you would use each form of the verb. Look at the words on either side of the gap and think about the grammar rules.
- Don't forget that the options are there! Some students make the mistake of filling the gaps with their own ideas, which is not what you're being asked to do in this part of the task.

How to help your child at home

- Make sure that your child is familiar with parts of language: preposition, pronoun, adverb and verb (see glossary on page 48).
- Choose an extract from one of your child's books and replace some prepositions, pronouns, adverbs and verbs with gaps. Ask your child to identify what type of word would go in each gap. Then get them to decide what word might fill each gap.

Reading & Writing Part 5

Students read a story in three parts. Students must complete sentences about each part of the story using one, two or three words. There is one picture with each part, which describes the context of the part of the story but not the answers to the questions. There are two examples.

This is what the first section of Part 5 looks like. In the test, there are two more sections of the story, two more pictures and five more sentences.

Look at the picture and read the story. Write some words to complete the sentences about the story. You can use 1, 2 or 3 words.

Jane and Mr Sam



Last week, Jane went for a drive with her parents. They put a big picnic in the car. Dad drove and Jane listened to music. They got to the forest and they went for a long walk. Jane saw a small pink house by a river.

"Whose house is that?" asked Jane. "I don't know," said Mum.

They stopped and ate their picnic. Then they sat under a tree and Jane listened to Mum who told her a story.

"There was a little girl called Jane who went for a walk in a forest and saw a nice bear called Mr Sam..."

Jane was very tired. She closed her eyes and slept. She started to dream.

Examples

Jane and her parents went for a drive last week

They took a big picnic with them.

Questions

- 1 There was a next to a river in the forest.
- 2 They sat under a tree and Mum told Jane

Tips for your child

- Look at the pictures first to understand the context of the story.
- Read the story all the way through, then read the sentences. Then read the story again, underlining the sections containing the information you need.
- Make sure you copy words from the text correctly so that you don't lose marks.

How to help your child at home


- Talk about the different ways we can refer to people or objects, e.g. *Mr Sam, he, him, the nice big brown bear, his*.
- Discuss how sentences can be turned around, e.g. *Jane saw a small pink house by a river* in the text is turned around to become *There was a small pink house next to a river* in the sentences.
- Read a story with your child, then write some gapped sentences about the story. Get your child to fill in the gaps with suitable words. Get your child to write some gapped sentences, too.

Reading & Writing Part 6

Students look at a picture and complete sentences, answer questions and write sentences about it. There are two examples.

This is what Part 6 looks like.

Look and read and write.



Examples

There are four children in the park

How many dogs are there? two

Questions

Complete the sentences.

1 The boy who is wearing a scarf is eating a

2 There are six ducks in the

Answer the questions.

3 What is the man with the grey moustache doing?
.....

4 What colour are the girls' kites?
.....

Now write two sentences about the picture.

5

6

Tips for your child

- When you write your own sentences about the picture, find something new to say. Don't copy information that is in the other sentences or questions.

How to help your child at home

- Play vocabulary games (see pages 25–26) with words from topics that your child might hear in this part of the test, e.g. clothes, colours, weather, the world around us and places (see *A1 Movers* vocabulary list at the back of this guide).
- Get your child to draw a picture of a scene with ten people doing different things. Then write three questions for them about the picture. Your child can then answer your questions and write three sentences of their own about the picture.

Speaking

Summary

Time: approximately 5–7 minutes

Part	Material	Skills	Desired outcome
1	Two similar pictures	Describing two pictures using short sentences	Identify and describe four differences between the two pictures
2	Five sequence pictures that tell a story	Understanding the beginning of a story and telling the rest of it from picture prompts	Describe each picture in turn
3	Four sets of four pictures – within each set, one picture is the odd one out	Suggesting which picture is different and giving reasons why	Identify which picture of each set is the odd one out and explain why
4	Open-ended questions	Understanding and responding to personal questions	Answer personal questions

General tips for your child

- An usher will take you into the test and will explain in your native language what you have to do. They will introduce you to the examiner.
- Don't feel nervous. The examiner is there to help you to get the best mark possible. Remember to say *Hello* and tell them your name and age when asked. Remember to say *Thank you* and *Goodbye* at the end of the test as well.
- The examiner will give you marks for understanding what they say and for answering their questions correctly using the correct grammar, vocabulary and pronunciation.
- Listen carefully to what the examiner asks you to do or say. If you don't understand what they have said, then say *I'm sorry, I don't understand. Can you say that again, please?*
- Don't rush – take your time to answer the questions fully.
- If you get stuck, the examiner will help you by prompting with a question.

How to help your child at home

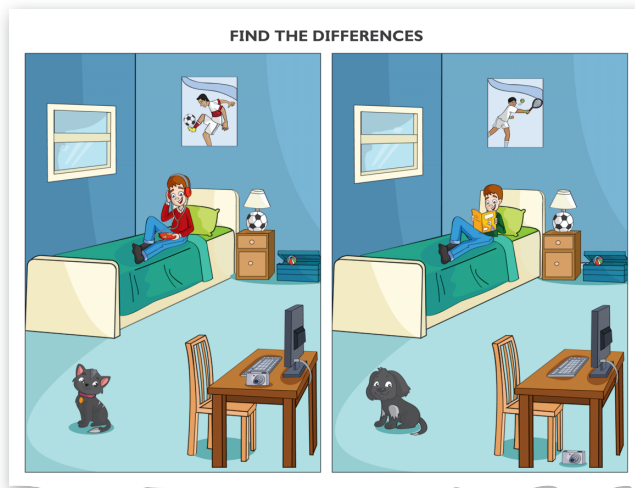
- Use the scripts for Speaking to help your child to practise for this part of the test. The website provides recordings for each of the practice tests, first without student's responses so that your child can practise giving their own responses – sometimes, you might need to pause the track for longer, to give your child time to respond. Then the recording is repeated with student's responses, which can be used as a model.

Speaking Part 1

The examiner greets the student and asks their name and age – this is not assessed.

The examiner shows the student two pictures. The examiner reads a sentence to describe a difference between the two pictures. The student then identifies another four differences and describes them.

This is what Part 1 looks like.



The examiner might start by saying:

Look at these pictures. They look the same, but some things are different. The man in the picture on the wall here is playing football, but the man in the picture on the wall there is playing tennis. What other different things can you see? ...

Tips for your child

- Remember to say *Hello* and tell the examiner your name and age when asked.
- You might find it useful to use some set phrases to compare two pictures:
In this picture, ... and in that picture ... / Here ... and there ... / This ... is ... and that ... is ...

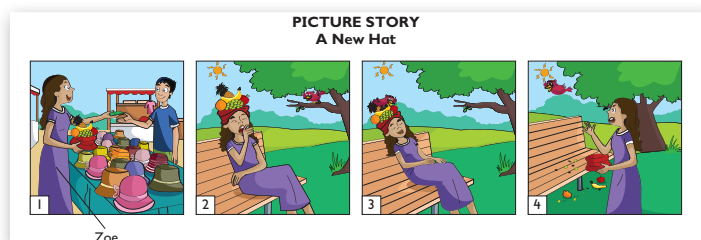
How to help your child at home

- Play vocabulary games (see pages 25–26) with words from topics that your child might hear in this part of the test, e.g. colours, positions, appearance, activity, shape and relative size (see *A1 Movers* vocabulary list at the back of this guide).
- Describe a picture to your child and ask them to draw what they hear, but don't be too precise about exact positional or colour details. Then get your child to compare what they've drawn with the original picture and describe the differences.

Speaking Part 2

The examiner shows the student a sequence of four pictures, which tell a story. The examiner tells the student the title of the story and describes what's happening in the first picture. The student then describes what is happening in the remaining three pictures. Students are not expected to give a continuous narrative of the story, but are being tested on describing each picture in turn.

This is what Part 2 looks like.



The examiner might start by saying:

These pictures show a story. It's called, "A new hat". Look at the pictures first. This woman is at the market. She's buying a new hat. The hat has got fruit on it. The woman is happy. Now you tell the story. ...

Tips for your child

- Look at all the pictures before you start to speak, but don't worry if you don't quite understand the full sequence – you are not expected to tell a full story, but simply to describe each picture in turn.
- Use the adjectives that you have learnt in class to describe the things you can see in the picture, e.g. talk about what colour things are, what they look like, what clothes people have on, where things are.
- Use the present continuous to talk about what people are doing in the pictures.

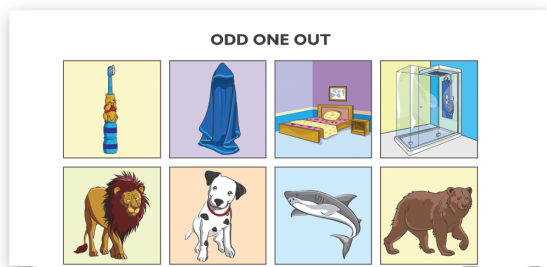
How to help your child at home

- Play vocabulary games (see pages 25–26) with words from topics that your child might hear in this part of the test, e.g. feelings, numbers, colours, positions, appearance, activity, shape and relative size (see *A1 Movers* vocabulary list at the back of this guide).
- Prepare a set of four pictures that tell a story using the words from the *A1 Movers* vocabulary list at the back of this guide. Cut them up and give them to your child. Ask them to put them in the right order and then describe what's happening in each picture. You could ask your child to draw their own picture stories for this activity, too.

Speaking Part 3

The examiner shows the student four sets of four pictures. One picture in each set is the odd one out. The examiner will describe the odd one out in the first set of four. The child must identify the odd ones out in the remaining three sets of four and describe why each picture is unlike the others in the set.

This is what Part 3 looks like.



The examiner might say:

Now look at these four pictures. One is different. The bed is different. You can find a toothbrush, a towel and a shower in the bathroom. But you can't find a bed there. You find a bed in the bedroom. Now you tell me about these pictures. Which one is different? Why? ...

Tips for your child

- Remember that you must explain why you've chosen the odd one out. But you don't have to give long answers. You can give simple reasons for why the pictures are different, e.g. in question 1 above you could just say *This is a pet, these aren't*.

How to help your child at home

- Play vocabulary games (see pages 25–26) with words from topics that your child might hear in this part of the test, e.g. clothes, food, animals, jobs, places, the body, drinks, sports and leisure, transport, work (see *A1 Movers* vocabulary list at the back of this guide). Make sure that your child knows the group word for these topics, so that they can say, e.g. *these are animals* and *that's a job*.
- Give your child plenty of practice in explaining differences and justifying their choices. Use flashcards from the different topics to recreate this part of the speaking test.
- Draw four sets of four pictures with an odd one out in each set and get your child to identify the odd one out and then explain why.

Speaking Part 4

The examiner asks the student some personal questions about topics such as their families and friends, their homes, their school and free time activities, their likes and dislikes. There are no pictures in this part.

The examiner might say:

Now, let's talk about your home. Do you live in the country or a city? ...

How many bedrooms does your house have? ...

What do you like doing in your living room? ...

Tell me about your bedroom. ...

Tips for your child

- Listen to the examiner's questions carefully because they will give you clues about what the answers should be, e.g. if you hear the word *Who ...?* then you know the answer will be a person.
- Don't worry about giving very long answers – sometimes just a few words is enough, e.g. *A city* would be a perfectly good answer to the first question above.
- The last question is your chance to say a bit more. It will start with *Tell me about ...*. Try to say three sentences in reply to this question.

How to help your child at home

- Speak English with your child whenever you can even if it's only for a short period each time.
- Discuss the topics that frequently come up here: school, holidays, birthdays, family and hobbies. Ask *Who ...? Where ...? Why ...? What ...? How ...? Tell me about ...* questions about each topic.
- Devote time to work on fluency. Allow your child the chance to talk about a topic uninterrupted. Note down any mistakes and discuss them when they've finished.

Tips for your child on test day

Before the test

- Bring pencils, a rubber and a pencil sharpener with you. Write answers in pencil so that you can easily correct any mistakes.
- Bring coloured crayons or pencils in the full range of colours you will need for the colouring exercise (black, blue, brown, green, orange, purple, red, white, yellow, pink, grey).
- Arrive in plenty of time for the test.

During the test

- Don't be nervous. This test is designed to help you to show what you do know and not what you don't.
- Read all the instructions carefully, so that you know exactly what to do.
- Look at the pictures and the details in them carefully because these can sometimes help you to understand the questions better.
- Read all questions all the way through before you answer them.
- Try to use the correct spelling – this is essential in the Reading & Writing paper, but not so important in the Listening paper unless a word is spelt out on the recording.
- Don't leave any blank spaces – if you don't know the answer, have a guess.
- Remember the timing of the practice tests you've done in class – don't work too quickly or too slowly.
- Remember to check the back pages of the test so you don't leave out any parts.
- Check your answers carefully when you've finished.

Vocabulary practice

At the back of this guide, you will find a list of all the vocabulary in the *A1 Movers* syllabus. Use the topic-by-topic list with the games below to focus on particular areas of vocabulary that your child needs practice in. Some topics regularly appear in specific parts of each paper (see pages 6–23 for advice on this), so you can use the games below to provide extra practice in these areas.

Some American equivalent words are included in the vocabulary list. Although the British variant will be used in texts, your child may need to understand the American words in some of the other parts of the test.

The vocabulary list also includes the names that your child will need to recognise at this level. Include them in activities throughout the course.

Make sure that your child understands the words used in instructions that they will hear/see during the test by practising them. These are the words used most frequently:

Verbs		Nouns		Adjectives
<i>choose</i>	<i>read</i>	<i>answer</i>	<i>number</i>	<i>best</i>
<i>colour</i>	<i>see</i>	<i>box</i>	<i>part</i>	<i>correct</i>
<i>complete</i>	<i>tick</i>	<i>day</i>	<i>picture</i>	<i>different</i>
<i>draw</i>	<i>tell</i>	<i>difference</i>	<i>question</i>	<i>right</i>
<i>listen</i>	<i>talk</i>	<i>example</i>	<i>story</i>	<i>same</i>
<i>look</i>	<i>write</i>	<i>line</i>	<i>text</i>	
		<i>name</i>	<i>word</i>	

Make a set of flashcards for use in some of the vocabulary games below. Draw pictures, or stick pictures from magazines on same-size pieces of card to represent nouns or actions. Make sets of cards for the different groups of words that are in the *A1 Movers* vocabulary list, e.g. animals, the body, clothes, family, food (see *A1 Movers* vocabulary list at the back of this guide). Use the flashcards for vocabulary practice as follows:

- Hold up a flashcard for your child to call out the word, e.g. *sandwich*.
- Hold up a flashcard for your child to build a sentence with the word, e.g. *I like sandwiches; my favourite sandwich is cheese and tomato*.
- Use flashcards to get your child to ask and answer questions, e.g. *Can I have a sandwich?* (*Yes, you can*), *What's your favourite sandwich?* (*Cheese and tomato*).

Vocabulary games

Mystery word

- Choose a group of words that you want to practise.
- Choose a flashcard. Then next to it, write the correct number of dashes for each letter of the word, e.g. _ _ _ _ _ (*panda*)
- Your child spells the word by first saying the letter and, if it's correct, writing it on one of the letter dashes. If it is incorrect, they write it in a circle next to the word and cross it out, so that they don't say that letter a second time.
- Continue until your child has spelt the word correctly.

Secret whispers

- Write a group of words on a piece of paper or display a group of flashcards on the table. Ask your child to choose a word silently and whisper it to you.
- You then repeat the word to your child. If you've understood the word chosen by your child, give your child one point. Continue playing the game until your child has scored five points.

Anagram words

- Choose a flashcard. Write the jumbled letters of the word on the board. Then next to it, write the correct number of dashes for each letter.
- Point to the flashcard and ask your child to say the word.
- Your child writes the word, one letter at a time. Each time they write a letter they must cross it out from the anagram.
- They continue until they have completed the word.

Snap!

- Choose a set of flashcards. Shuffle them and deal them evenly between you and your child.
- Take turns to place a card face up in a pile in the middle of the table. When two identical cards are placed one after the other in the pile, the first person to shout *Snap!* and say the word is the winner.

Bingo!

- Choose a group of words you want to practise. Write the words in a list on a piece of paper.
- Ask your child to draw a 3 × 3 grid on a piece of paper. In each of the squares, they write a different word from the list.
- Call out words from the list in turn. Keep a secret note of the words as you say them, so that you don't repeat them.
- Your child must cross out the words on their grid as they hear them. When they have crossed off a line of three they shout *Bingo!*

Mime it!

- Write a group of action words on a piece of paper or display a group of flashcards on the table.
- Your child chooses a word and mimes it for you to guess.
- As you guess the words, cross it off the list or turn over the flashcard.
- Take turns to mime and guess the words.

Yes or no?

- Hold up a flashcard and say a sentence using or not using the word.
- For example, hold up the coffee card and say *I'm drinking a cup of coffee*. Your child says *yes*. Hold up the towel card and say *I'm cleaning my teeth with my toothbrush*. Your child says *no*.

Colour dictation

- Photocopy a black and white line drawing of a scene which is suitable for the level, e.g. a farm scene, or a picnic scene. Give a copy to your child and keep a copy for yourself.
- Give colouring instructions, e.g. *Can you see the man standing next to the hens? Colour his sweater purple*. Colour your own picture as you do so, making sure your child can't see what you're doing.
- When you've finished, compare both your pictures. They should be the same.

Memory chain

- Say a sentence that ends with a word from a vocabulary group you want to practise, e.g. *I like pasta ...*
- Ask your child to repeat the sentence and add a word, e.g. *I like pasta and oranges ...* Then you repeat the sentence and add another word.
- Continue until one of you forgets a word in the chain or until you have practised all the words.

What is it?

- Choose a selection of flashcards from different word groups and shuffle them.
- Take one, look at it and put it face down on the table. Start describing it for your child to guess what it is, e.g. *It's very very big. It's an animal. It lives in the sea. It's the biggest animal in the world*. Your child calls out the answer. *It's a whale!*
- Take turns to describe or guess the word.

Key to tests

Test 1: Audio scripts for Listening

Listening Part 1

Track 01

Practice tests for Cambridge English Qualifications A1 Movers. Copyright HarperCollins Publishers 2018.

Hello. This is the Collins practice tests for Cambridge English Qualifications A1 Movers Listening Test, Test 1.

Look at Part 1. Look at the picture. Listen and look. There is one example.

- Woman: What are you doing in this picture? Is it a lesson?
- Boy: No, it isn't. We couldn't go to the playground because it rained that day. We played in the classroom after lunch.
- Woman: Oh, OK. Who's that?
- Boy: The blonde girl who's drawing the house on the board?
- Woman: Yes, who's she?
- Boy: That's Vicky. She's very good at drawing.

Can you see the line? This is an example. Now you listen and draw lines.

1

- Boy: Can you see Nick?
- Woman: No, which one's he?
- Boy: He's the boy who's painting a picture. He's got brown hair like me.
- Woman: Oh yes, I can see. That's a great picture. Is it a dolphin?
- Boy: Yes, I think it is.

2

- Woman: Who's the girl who's playing on the computer?
- Boy: Which one do you mean?
- Woman: The one with the longer hair who's wearing a sweater.
- Boy: That's Sally. She's playing a pirate game with the letters of the alphabet.
- Woman: That looks good.
- Boy: Yes, it is.

3

- Boy: And there's my best friend. He's called Bill.
- Woman: Where's he?
- Boy: He's next to the cupboard and he's reading a book.
- Woman: Oh yes, he's laughing. That book must be very funny.
- Boy: Yes, I read it too. It's about a clown.

4

- Woman: One person isn't happy.
- Boy: Who do you mean?
- Woman: That boy with brown hair who's looking out of the window.
- Boy: Oh yes, that's Alex. He loves football. He wanted to play football that day. That's why he's sad.
- Woman: Oh dear.
- Boy: He was happy after school because it was sunny and we played football in the park.
- Woman: That's good.

5

- Woman: Who's that boy who's sitting under the desk?
- Boy: The one who's eating an apple?
- Woman: Yes. Who's he?
- Boy: That's Tom.
- Woman: Why's he under the desk?
- Boy: I don't know!

Now listen to Part 1 again.
[The recording is repeated.]

That is the end of Part 1.

Listening Part 2

Track 02

Part 2. Listen and look. There is one example.

- Girl: Can I ask you some questions about the sports centre? It's for my homework.
- Man: Yes, OK.
- Girl: Thanks. So, how often do you come to the sports centre?
- Man: I come every Saturday.
- Girl: Thank you.

Can you see the answer? Now you listen and write.

1

- Girl: And what's your favourite sport?
- Man: Oh, that's difficult. I sometimes have a swim.
- Girl: OK, shall I write "swim" then?
- Man: No, I like playing tennis more than having a swim. Write "tennis".
- Girl: OK.

2

Girl: And how do you get here? Do you come by bus?
Man: No, I don't. I come by car because it's quicker than the bus.
Girl: OK. Thanks. I'm writing that now.

3

Girl: Who do you come to the sports centre with?
Man: I always come with my son.
Girl: OK. Is he here today?
Man: Yes, he's having a shower.
Girl: OK.

4

Girl: Why do you like this sports centre? Is it because it's near your house?
Man: No, I like this centre because it's clean.
Girl: Yes, it is.

5

Girl: Can you tell me your name, please.
Man: Yes, it's Mr Pitt.
Girl: Can you spell that for me, please.
Man: Yes, it's P-I-double T.

Now listen to Part 2 again.
[The recording is repeated.]

That is the end of Part 2.

Listening Part 3

Track 03

Part 3. Julia is telling her teacher about her family's weekend. What did each person do?

Listen and write a letter in each box. There is one example.

Man: Hello Julia. Did you have a good weekend?
Girl: Yes, I did. All the people in my family were very busy this weekend!
Man: Why? What did they do?
Girl: They did a lot of different things! My Mum went to the swimming pool on Saturday. She goes every week because she loves swimming.
Man: I do too!

Can you see the letter "E"? Now you listen and write a letter in each box.

Girl: My grandpa had an exciting weekend. He often goes fishing on Sundays, but he didn't go fishing last weekend. He went for a long walk in the countryside. He had a picnic next to a waterfall.
Man: Oh wow!
Girl: He showed me some photographs. It was beautiful!
Man: What did your sister do?
Girl: My sister Clare went roller skating with her friends in the park. She's very good at roller skating.

Man: Do you go roller skating?
Girl: Sometimes, but I like ice skating more than roller skating.

Girl: My Uncle Fred sailed his boat on Sunday afternoon.
Man: Really?
Girl: Yes, he's got a small boat and he sails it on the river near our house. Sometimes I go with him. It's fantastic!
Man: Yes!

Man: I saw there was a funfair in town last weekend. Did any of your family go?
Girl: No, they didn't. But my Aunt Zoe took my cousins to the circus.
Man: Did they have fun?
Girl: Yes, they did. Aunt Zoe liked the clowns best because they were very funny.

Man: What about your dad? What did he do at the weekend?
Girl: He didn't go out at all because he was reading his new e-book. It was very exciting and he couldn't stop reading it!
Man: I understand that! I love reading too!

Now listen to Part 3 again.
[The recording is repeated.]

That is the end of Part 3.

Listening Part 4

Track 04

Part 4. Look at the pictures. Listen and look. There is one example.

What's the matter with Paul?

Woman: What's the matter, Paul? Have you got a stomach-ache?
Boy: No, my stomach is OK. It's my ears that hurt.
Woman: Oh dear, do you have a headache too?
Boy: No, I only have an earache.
Woman: Shall we go and see the doctor?
Boy: Let's see how I am in the morning.
Woman: OK.

Can you see the tick? Now you listen and tick the box.

1

Which man is Mary's father?

Girl: There's my dad.
Man: Which one's he, Mary? Is he the one with the blonde curly hair?
Girl: No, my dad has brown hair like me.
Man: Does he have a moustache?
Girl: Yes, he does and he has a beard too. Can you see him now?
Man: Oh yes, I can see him.

2

What's Jane doing now?

- Boy: What's Jane doing, Mum? Is she playing tennis?
Woman: No, she played tennis this morning, but now she's watching a DVD about football.
Boy: Oh, OK. Can I watch it too?
Woman: Yes, you can.

3

What did Fred have for breakfast today?

- Girl: Hmm, I had egg and tomato for breakfast. What did you have, Fred?
Boy: I wasn't hungry this morning. I had some fruit.
Girl: What fruit did you eat? Did you have an orange?
Boy: No, I had a banana and an apple.

4

What work does Sue's mum do?

- Man: Sue, is your mum a farmer like your dad?
Girl: No, she works at the hospital. She's a doctor.
Man: Oh. And what do you want to do when you're a grown-up?
Girl: Hmm, I want to be a teacher.

5

What present did Kim get yesterday?

- Girl: I got a great present from my aunt yesterday. What do you think it was?
Boy: Oh, was it a radio?
Girl: No, it wasn't. Try again.
Boy: Err, was it a new bike?
Girl: No! It was a new puppy!
Boy: Wow! That's great!

Now listen to Part 4 again.

[The recording is repeated.]

That is the end of Part 4.

Listening Part 5

Track 05

Part 5. Look at the picture. Listen and look. There is one example.

- Man: Would you like to colour this picture for me?
Girl: Yes, please. What fun they are having at the beach!
Man: There's a man who's fishing. Can you see him?
Girl: Yes, I can.
Man: Colour his trousers red.
Girl: OK, I'm doing that now.

Can you see the red trousers? This is an example. Now you listen and colour and write.

1

- Girl: What shall I colour now?
Man: Can you see the boy playing in the sand?
Girl: Which one?
Man: The older boy who's playing nearer to the sea.
Girl: Yes, I can see him.
Man: Colour his T-shirt green.
Girl: OK.

2

- Man: There's a blanket on the sand.
Girl: Yes, two people are sitting on it.
Man: That's right. Have you got a purple pencil?
Girl: Yes, I have.
Man: Then do the blanket that colour.

3

- Man: Would you like to write something on this picture too?
Girl: Yes, I love writing.
Man: Good. Write the word "wet" on one of the boats.
Girl: Shall I write it on the bigger boat?
Man: Yes, good idea.

4

- Girl: And can I colour the sail of the smaller boat?
Man: Yes, OK. You choose the colour.
Girl: Hmm, I think yellow would be good for that sail.
Man: Yes, you're right.

5

- Man: Now, can you colour one of the birds?
Girl: Yes, OK. Can I colour the one that's flying near the big boat?
Man: No, colour the one that's sitting on the beach next to the man who's fishing. That bird wants to eat the man's fish, I think.
Girl: Oh yes, shall I colour him pink?
Man: Yes, please. That's great. Thanks.

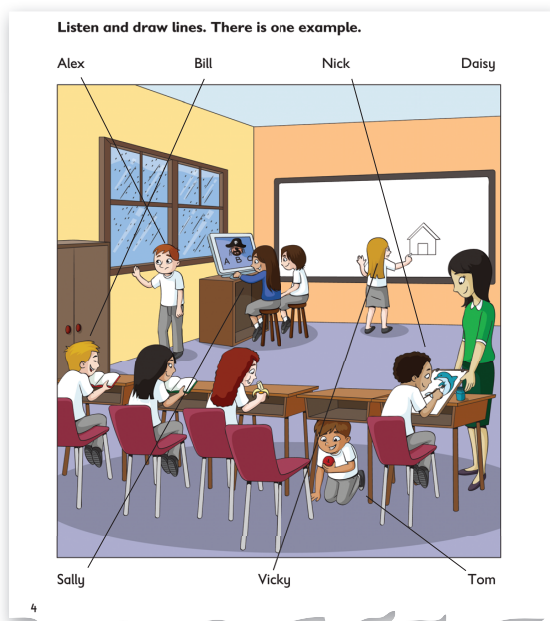
Now listen to Part 5 again.

[The recording is repeated.]

That is the end of the A1 Movers Listening Test, Test 1.

Test 1: Answer key

Listening Part 1 (5 marks)



Listening Part 2 (5 marks)

- 1 tennis 2 car
3 son 4 clean
5 Mr Pitt

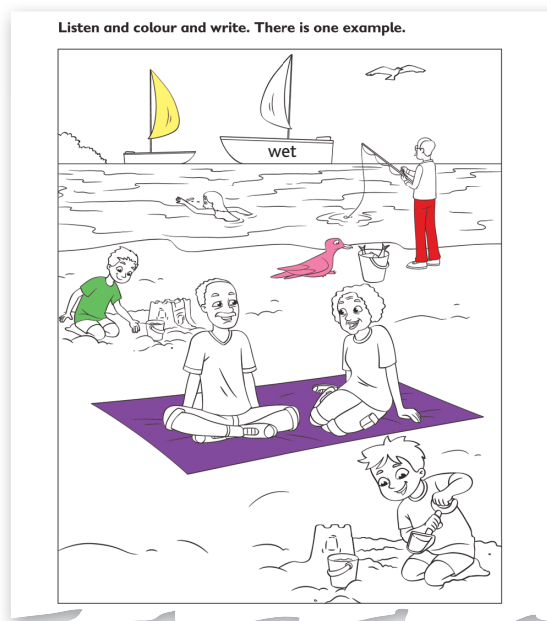
Listening Part 3 (5 marks)

- | | |
|------------|---|
| Dad | G |
| Aunt Zoe | B |
| Uncle Fred | F |
| Grandad | H |
| Clare | A |

Listening Part 4 (5 marks)

- 1 A**
- 3 C**
- 5 A**
- 2 B**
- 4 A**

Listening Part 5 (5 marks)



Reading & Writing Part 1 (5 marks)

- 1 a doctor 2 a kitten
3 earache 4 a hospital
5 football

Reading & Writing Part 2 (6 marks)

- 1 B**
- 3 A**
- 5 A**
- 2 A**
- 4 B**
- 6 C**

Reading & Writing Part 3 (6 marks)

- 1 ate 2 trees
3 tallest 4 shouted
5 arms 6 Vicky's exciting day at
 the park

Reading & Writing Part 4 (5 marks)

- 1** to **2** ate
3 didn't **4** his
5 when

Reading & Writing Part 5 (7 marks)

- 1 small pink house
3 Mr Sam
5 his old scarf
7 behind a tree
- 2 a story
4 his house
6 woke up

Reading & Writing Part 6 (6 marks)

- 1 burger 2 lake
3 He's reading a book. 4 They're red and yellow.
5 child's own answer 6 child's own answer

Test 1: Scripts for Speaking

Speaking Parts 1–5

Track 06

[This is the recording without student's responses. This recording includes pauses so that your child can practise taking part in the Speaking Test. Sometimes, you might need to pause the track for longer, to give your child time to respond.]

Track 07

[This is the recording with student's responses.]

Part	To do	To say	Student's response (variations possible)	Back-up questions
1	<p>[The usher brings the student in.]</p> <p>Show the student both find the differences pictures.</p>	<p>[The usher to the examiner: <i>Hello, this is (student's name).</i>]</p> <p><i>Hello (student's name), my name's (examiner's name).</i></p> <p><i>How old are you?</i></p> <p><i>Look at these pictures. They look the same, but some things are different.</i></p> <p><i>The man in the picture on the wall here is playing football, but the man in the picture on the wall there is playing tennis.</i></p> <p><i>What other different things can you see?</i></p>	<p><i>Hello.</i></p> <p><i>Nine. etc.</i></p> <p><i>The boy here is wearing a red sweater, but the boy there is wearing a green sweater.</i></p> <p><i>He's listening to music here, but he's reading a comic there.</i></p> <p><i>There's a black cat here, but there's a brown cat there.</i></p> <p><i>There's a camera on the desk here, but there's a camera under the desk there.</i></p>	<p><i>Are you nine?</i></p> <p>Point to differences the student doesn't mention. Give first half of response: <i>The boy here is wearing a red sweater ...</i></p> <p><i>He's listening to music here ...</i></p> <p><i>There's a black cat here ...</i></p> <p><i>There's a camera on the desk here ...</i></p>

Part	To do	To say	Student's response (variations possible)	Back-up questions
2	<p>Show the student the picture story. Allow the student time to look at the pictures.</p> <p>Point at the other pictures.</p>	<p><i>These pictures show a story. It's called "A new hat". Look at the pictures first.</i></p> <p><i>This woman is at the market. She's buying a new hat. The hat has got fruit on it. The woman is happy.</i></p> <p><i>Now you tell the story.</i></p>	<p><i>The woman is in a park. She's tired. She's sitting in a chair. It's very sunny. There's a bird in the tree that is watching the woman.</i></p> <p><i>The woman is sleeping. The bird is sitting on the hat. The bird is eating the fruit.</i></p> <p><i>The woman is awake now. Her hat hasn't got any fruit on it now. She's very angry with the bird. She's shouting at the bird.</i></p>	<p>Point at the pictures.</p> <p>Where is the woman?</p> <p>Is she tired?</p> <p>What is she doing?</p> <p>What's that bird doing?</p> <p>What's the woman doing now?</p> <p>What's the bird doing?</p> <p>Is the woman sleeping now?</p> <p>Has her hat got any fruit on it?</p> <p>Is the woman happy?</p> <p>What's she doing?</p>
3	<p>Show the student the odd one out pictures.</p> <p>Reveal, using a separate blank card, each set of pictures in turn.</p>	<p><i>Now look at these four pictures. One is different. The bed is different. You can find a toothbrush, a towel and a shower in the bathroom. But you can't find a bed there. You find a bed in the bedroom.</i></p>		

Part	To do	To say	Student's response (variations possible)	Back-up questions
		Now you tell me about these pictures. Which one is different? Why?	<p>The shark is different. The shark lives in the sea. The lion, the dog and the bear don't live in the sea.</p> <p>The boy who is happy is different. The boy who has earache isn't happy. The boy who has a headache isn't happy. The boy who has stomach-ache isn't happy.</p> <p>The sandwich is different. You drink milk, juice, and lemonade. You eat a sandwich.</p>	<p>What are these animals?</p> <p>Which animal do people have as a pet?</p> <p>Is this boy happy and well?</p> <p>Is he happy and well here? What's the matter with him here? And here? And here?</p> <p>Which things can you drink? Which can you eat?</p>
4	Put the pictures away.	<p>Now let's talk about your home.</p> <p>Do you live in the country or a city?</p> <p>How many bedrooms does your house have?</p> <p>What do you like doing in your living room?</p> <p>Tell me about your bedroom.</p> <p>OK, thank you. Goodbye.</p>	<p>I live in a city.</p> <p>It has three bedrooms.</p> <p>I like watching TV and playing on the computer.</p> <p>It has red walls. There's a bed and a desk in it. I like it.</p> <p>Goodbye.</p>	<p>Do you live in the country?</p> <p>Are there two bedrooms in your house?</p> <p>Do you like watching TV in the living room?</p> <p>What colour are the walls of your bedroom? Is there a bed/desk? Do you like it?</p>

Test 2: Audio scripts for Listening

Listening Part 1

Track 08

Hello. This is the Collins practice tests for Cambridge English Qualifications A1 Movers Listening Test, Test 2.

Look at Part 1. Look at the picture. Listen and look. There is one example.

Boy: Look at this picture I took last Saturday when I went to the sports centre with some of my friends.

Woman: That's a great picture.

Boy: Thanks. Can you see Mary?

Woman: Which one's she?

Boy: She's the girl who's playing basketball.

Woman: Oh yes, has she got long blond curly hair?

Woman: Yes, she has.

Can you see the line? This is an example. Now you listen and draw lines.

1

Boy: My best friend Peter is playing football.

Woman: Which one's he?

Boy: He's the one who's wearing a green T-shirt. He's got short black hair.

Woman: Oh yes, I can see him.

Boy: He's very good at football.

2

Woman: There's another boy playing football.

Boy: The one who's wearing the red trousers?

Woman: Yes. What's his name?

Boy: He's called Ben. He's in my class at school.

Woman: Mmm.

3

Boy: Look at Sue.

Woman: What's she doing?

Boy: She's playing tennis. She's the tallest girl in our class.

Woman: Oh yes, I can see her. Is she wearing a pink skirt?

Boy: Yes, that's right.

4

Woman: One child isn't doing sports.

Boy: Who do you mean?

Woman: That girl who's sitting under the tree.

Boy: Oh yes, that's Anna. I think she was tired.

Woman: Yes.

5

Boy: And there's my cousin, Kim.

Woman: Which one's she?

Boy: She's watching the basketball game. She's the girl with the shorter hair who's smiling. Can you see her?

Woman: Oh yes. Is she wearing a purple hat?

Boy: Yes, she is.

Now listen to Part 1 again.

[The recording is repeated.]

That is the end of Part 1.

Listening Part 2

Track 09

Part 2. Listen and look. There is one example.

Woman: Good morning class, I had a great weekend. Shall I tell you about it?

Boy: Yes please, Mrs Jack.

Woman: OK, ask me some questions, then write down my answers in your books. OK, who has a question?

Boy: I do. Where did you go?

Woman: I went to the mountains.

Can you see the answer? Now you listen and write.

1

Woman: Any more questions?

Boy: Yes! Who did you go with?

Woman: I went with my brother.

Boy: What's he called?

Woman: His name is Peter.

2

Boy: And where did you sleep?

Woman: We slept at my friend's house which is next to a lake.

Boy: What's the lake called Mrs Jack?

Woman: It's called Calm Lake.

Boy: Can you spell that, please?

Woman: Yes, it's C-A-L-M.

Boy: Thanks.

3

Boy: How many nights did you sleep there?

Woman: We were there for two nights, Friday and Saturday.

Boy: Did you want to come home?

Woman: Yes, I did! I wanted to come and tell you about it.

4

Boy: What did you do in the mountains?

Woman: We went for long walks. It was very beautiful. I saw lots of rivers and waterfalls too.

Boy: Mmm, I love waterfalls!

Woman: Me too!

5

- Boy: And did you go by car to the mountains?
Woman: No, we went by train because it's quicker than the car.
Boy: OK. Thanks. I don't have any more questions.

Now listen to Part 2 again.
[The recording is repeated.]

That is the end of Part 2.

Listening Part 3

Track 10

Part 3. Charlie is helping his mother at home.
Where does he put these things?

Listen and write a letter in each box. There is one example.

- Boy: Shall I help you, Mum?
Woman: Oh yes, please Charlie. Can you take this blanket to the living room, please?
Boy: Yes, OK. Where shall I put it?
Woman: Put it on the back of the sofa. I sometimes get cold in the evenings and I like to put it on my legs.
Boy: OK, Mum.

Can you see the letter "F"? Now you listen and write a letter in each box.

- Boy: What shall I do now?
Woman: Can you see that blue sweater on the floor, next to the bookcase?
Boy: Yes, I can.
Woman: Can you put that on the stairs?
Boy: Yes, OK.
Woman: Thank you.
- Boy: What about this board game? Shall I put it in the cupboard?
Woman: No, your sister wants to play with that today. Put it on the table over there.
Boy: Shall I put it here? Next to the lamp?
Woman: Yes, that's right. Thank you.
- Boy: This plant needs some water, Mum.
Woman: Yes, you're right.
Boy: Shall I put it in the shower?!
Woman: No, Charlie! Give it some water, then put it on the kitchen table, next to the bowl of fruit.
Boy: OK, Mum.
- Boy: Where shall I put your laptop, Mum?
Woman: Oh, I'm not going to use it today. Can you put it in the cupboard, please?
Boy: The cupboard in the living room?
Woman: Yes, that's right. Thanks.
- Boy: What about the radio, Mum? Where shall I put that?
Woman: Put it on the bookcase, please.
Boy: Shall I put it here? On top?
Woman: Yes, that's great. Thank you for all your help.

Now listen to Part 3 again.
[The recording is repeated.]

That is the end of Part 3.

Listening Part 4

Track 11

Part 4. Look at the pictures. Listen and look.
There is one example.

What pet does Sally want to get?

- Man: What pet do you want to have, Sally? Do you want a kitten?
Girl: No. I wanted a puppy last week.
Man: Do you want a puppy now?
Girl: No, I want a mouse! A black and white one.
Man: Oh, I don't like mice!

Can you see the tick? Now you listen and tick the box.

1

Where's Alex now?

- Boy: Hi, Mum.
Woman: Hi, Alex. Where are you? Are you at school?
Boy: No, I'm not. I'm playing football in the park with my friends. Shall I come home now, Mum?
Woman: Yes, please. Can you buy some milk from the supermarket before you come home?
Boy: OK.
Woman: Thanks.

2

Which is Pat's teacher?

- Girl: Look at this school picture. You can see all the children and teachers at my school.
Woman: Wow! Which one is your teacher? Is she the one with the curly red hair who is wearing a green jacket?
Girl: No, she has curly black hair. And she's wearing a green sweater.
Woman: Hmm, is she the one with the big purple glasses?
Girl: No, that's not her. My teacher doesn't wear glasses.
Woman: Oh yes, I see her. She's smiling.
Girl: Yes, that's her.

3

What's the weather like today?

Woman: Wake up, Jim.
Boy: Good morning, Mum.
Woman: Get dressed quickly.
Boy: Is it raining like yesterday?
Woman: No. It was sunny when I woke up. But now it's cloudy and cold. Wear some trousers and a sweater.
Boy: OK.

4

What's the film that Jane is watching about?

Boy: Jane, what are you doing?
Girl: I'm watching a film.
Boy: Can I watch it too? Is it about pirates?
Girl: No, I don't like pirate films. It's about a girl who's very good at dancing.
Boy: Boring! I want to watch a film about monsters.
Girl: Well, you can't! Now, be quiet, I'm trying to listen.

5

Where's Jill's homework?

Girl: Dad, where's my homework? I have to give it to my teacher today. I thought it was in my school bag. But I can't see it there.
Man: I saw it upstairs on your desk yesterday.
Girl: I looked there. It isn't in my room.
Man: Oh, here it is. Why was it under your towel?
Girl: Oh yes! I had it in my hand when I went to wash my face! Thanks, Dad!

Now listen to Part 4 again.

[The recording is repeated.]

That is the end of Part 4.

Listening Part 5

Track 12

Part 5. Look at the picture. Listen and look.

There is one example.

Man: Do you like this picture of a train station?
Girl: Yes, I do.
Man: Would you like to colour it?
Girl: Yes, please.
Man: OK, can you see the clock on the wall?
Girl: Yes, I can.
Man: Good. Colour it pink.
Girl: I'm doing it now.

Can you see the pink clock? This is an example.

Now you listen and colour and write.

1

Girl: What shall I colour now?
Man: Could you colour one of the people's coats?
Girl: OK. Which one?
Man: Can you see the two girls with curly hair who are standing next to the train?
Girl: Yes, I can.
Man: Colour the coat of the taller girl green.
Girl: OK.

2

Man: Can you see the two dogs in the picture?
Girl: Yes, I can. I love dogs.
Man: Which dog would you like to colour? Do you want to colour the one that's next to the door?
Girl: No, I want to colour the one that's sitting under the chair! It has a sad face.
Man: OK, colour that one brown.

3

Man: Now, would you like to write something for me?
Girl: Yes, OK.
Man: Can you see the man with curly hair?
Girl: Yes, I can. He has a big bag.
Man: Yes, he does. Can you write the word "bag" on it?
Girl: Yes, I'm writing "bag" on the bag!
Man: Well done!

4

Man: There's a woman who's listening to music.
Girl: Oh yes, I can see her. She has long straight hair.
Man: Yes, that's right.
Girl: She's wearing a beautiful dress.
Man: Yes, she is. Colour her dress orange.
Girl: OK. That's a good colour for it.

5

Man: One last thing now... what can we have?
Girl: Can I colour that woman's funny hat?
Man: Do you mean the woman who's sitting on the chair and reading a book?
Girl: Yes, she has a flower on her hat. Can I colour the flower yellow?
Man: OK. The picture is much better now!

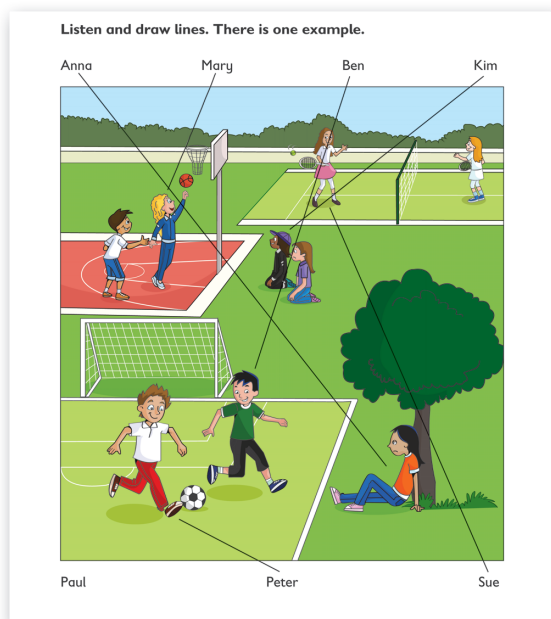
Now listen to Part 5 again.

[The recording is repeated.]

That is the end of the A1 Movers Listening Test, Test 2.

Test 2: Answer key

Listening Part 1 (5 marks)



Listening Part 2 (5 marks)

- | | |
|-----------|---------|
| 1 brother | 2 Calm |
| 3 two | 4 walks |
| 5 train | |

Listening Part 3 (5 marks)

- | | |
|------------|---|
| laptop | G |
| board game | E |
| radio | B |
| plant | H |
| sweater | A |

Listening Part 4 (5 marks)

- | | |
|-----|-----|
| 1 B | 2 A |
| 3 C | 4 B |
| 5 A | |

Listening Part 5 (5 marks)



Reading & Writing Part 1 (5 marks)

- | | |
|-----------------|----------|
| 1 a library | 2 teeth |
| 3 a supermarket | 4 a neck |
| 5 tea | |

Reading & Writing Part 2 (6 marks)

- | | |
|-----|-----|
| 1 C | 2 A |
| 3 C | 4 C |
| 5 A | 6 B |

Reading & Writing Part 3 (6 marks)

- | | |
|---------|--------------------------|
| 1 sunny | 2 smiled |
| 3 ride | 4 horses |
| 5 tired | 6 A busy day at the farm |

Reading & Writing Part 4 (5 marks)

- | | |
|--------|---------|
| 1 some | 2 on |
| 3 But | 4 their |
| 5 live | |

Reading & Writing Part 5 (7 marks)

- | | |
|-------------------|-------------|
| 1 dog Ben | 2 could see |
| 3 on the wall | 4 a map of |
| 5 next to | 6 the plant |
| 7 comics and toys | |

Reading & Writing Part 6 (6 marks)

- | | |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 1 dress | 2 sandwich |
| 3 She's pointing at the bird. | 4 They've got sandwiches and cake. |
| 5 child's own answer | 6 child's own answer |

Test 2: Scripts for Speaking

Speaking Parts 1–5

Track 13

[This is the recording without student's responses. This recording includes pauses so that your child can practise taking part in the Speaking Test. Sometimes, you might need to pause the track for longer, to give your child time to respond.]

Track 14

[This is the recording with student's responses.]

Part	To do	To say	Student's response (variations possible)	Back-up questions
1	<p>[The usher brings the student in.]</p> <p>Show the student both find the differences pictures.</p>	<p>[The usher to the examiner: <i>Hello, this is (student's name).</i>]</p> <p><i>Hello (student's name), my name's (examiner's name).</i></p> <p><i>How old are you?</i></p> <p><i>Look at these pictures. They look the same, but some things are different.</i></p> <p><i>This man is reading a book, but this man is sleeping.</i></p> <p><i>What other different things can you see?</i></p>	<p><i>Hello.</i></p> <p><i>Ten. etc.</i></p> <p><i>There's a mountain here, but there's a town there.</i></p> <p><i>This man is wearing his hat, but this man isn't wearing his hat.</i></p> <p><i>This girl is wearing red shoes, but this girl is wearing orange shoes.</i></p> <p><i>The woman is holding a baby here, but the woman is holding a box there.</i></p>	<p><i>Are you ten?</i></p> <p>Point to differences the student doesn't mention.</p> <p>Give first half of response: <i>There's a mountain here...</i></p> <p><i>This man is wearing his hat ...</i></p> <p><i>The girl is wearing red shoes here ...</i></p> <p><i>The woman is holding a baby here ...</i></p>

Part	To do	To say	Student's response (variations possible)	Back-up questions
2	<p>Show the student the picture story. Allow time for the student to look at the pictures.</p> <p>Point at the other pictures</p>	<p><i>These pictures show a story. It's called "Clever Fred". Look at the pictures first.</i></p> <p><i>It's a sunny day. The two boys are playing football next to the lake. They have a picnic too. The dog is watching the ducks in the lake.</i></p> <p><i>Now you tell the story.</i></p>	<p><i>The ball is in the lake. The ducks are swimming near the ball. The boys are sad.</i></p> <p><i>The dog is going in the lake. The dog is taking the ball to the boys. The boys are watching the dog.</i></p> <p><i>One boy is holding the ball. One boy is giving the dog some food.</i></p> <p><i>The boys are very happy.</i></p>	<p>Points at the pictures.</p> <p>Where is the ball now? Are the boys happy?</p> <p>What is the dog doing? What are the boys doing?</p> <p>Point to boy. What's that boy doing?</p> <p>Point to other boy. What's that boy doing?</p> <p>Are they happy?</p>
3	<p>Show the student the odd one out pictures. Reveal, using a separate blank card, each set of pictures in turn.</p>	<p><i>Now look at these four pictures. One is different. This one is different. In these pictures, the woman is playing sports – football, tennis and basketball. But she's not playing a sport in this picture. She's sitting on a sofa and she's watching TV.</i></p> <p><i>Now you tell me about these pictures. Which one is different? Why?</i></p>	<p><i>The kangaroo is different. The kangaroo is an animal. The skirt, the sweater and the scarf are clothes.</i></p> <p><i>The horse is different. The horse doesn't live in the sea. The dolphin, the shark and the whale live in the sea.</i></p> <p><i>The hospital is different. You can travel in a train, a car and a bus. You can't travel in a hospital.</i></p>	<p>What things can you wear? Point to the kangaroo. Can you wear that?</p> <p>Where do these animals live? Which animals live in the sea? Which animal doesn't live in the sea?</p> <p>Which picture is a place? Which things do we travel in?</p>

Part	To do	To say	Student's response (variations possible)	Back-up questions
4	Put the pictures away.	<p><i>Now let's talk about you and your school.</i></p> <p><i>What's your school called?</i></p> <p><i>How do you get to school?</i></p> <p><i>What do you do in the playground?</i></p> <p><i>Tell me about your teacher.</i></p> <p><i>OK, thank you. Goodbye.</i></p>	<p><i>My school is called City School.</i></p> <p><i>I go by bus.</i></p> <p><i>I play football with my friends.</i></p> <p><i>My teacher is called Mrs Tell. She's nice. She's young and she doesn't shout very often.</i></p> <p><i>Goodbye.</i></p>	<p><i>Is your school called City School?</i></p> <p><i>Do you go to school by car?</i></p> <p><i>Do you play games with your friends?</i></p> <p><i>Is your teacher a man or woman? What's his/her name? Is he/she young or old? Is he/she nice? Does he/she often shout?</i></p>

Test 3: Audio scripts for Listening

Listening Part 1

Track 15

Hello. This is the Collins practice tests for Cambridge English Qualifications A1 Movers Listening Test, Test 3.

Look at Part 1. Look at the picture. Listen and look. There is one example.

- Girl: Look at this picture of when I went to a farm with my family last week.
Man: It looks great. Who's that? The woman who's giving some food to the chickens.
Girl: That's my aunt.
Man: Oh, I think I know her. What's her name?
Girl: She's called May.
Man: Oh yes.

Can you see the line? This is an example. Now you listen and draw lines.

1

- Man: Where's your Uncle Tom? I know him too.
Girl: There he is. He's wearing a green scarf.
Man: Oh yes. I see him. He's carrying lots of bottles of milk. Where's he taking them?
Girl: He's helping the farmer. He's taking them to the farm.
Man: OK.

2

- Man: Who's that? The girl with the long blonde curly hair who's playing with the puppies.
Girl: That's my cousin Jane.
Man: Those puppies are beautiful.
Girl: Yes, Jane loved them. She wanted to take one home, but her mum said she couldn't.
Man: I want one too!

3

- Girl: And there's my favourite cousin.
Man: Where?
Girl: He's the boy who's wearing the red coat. He's pointing to the sheep in the field behind the farm.
Man: Oh yes, I can see. What's he called?
Girl: His name is Fred.

4

- Man: Is that your brother climbing the tree?
Girl: Yes, how did you know?
Man: He's got brown curly hair like you!
Girl: Oh yes.
Man: What's his name?
Girl: He's called Bill.

5

- Man: That girl next to the cows is angry.
Girl: Which one?

- Man: The one with the shorter hair.
Girl: Oh yes, that's my cousin Lucy. She's angry because she wanted to go to the cinema and not the farm!
Man: Oh, I see.

Now listen to Part 1 again.

[The recording is repeated.]

That is the end of Part 1.

Listening Part 2

Track 16

Part 2. Listen and look. There is one example.

- Man: Hello, class. I have something exciting to tell you. I got a new pet yesterday.
Girl: Wow! That's great, Mr Beard! Tell us about it.
Man: Why don't you ask me questions, then write down my answers.
Girl: OK, what pet did you get?
Man: I got a new kitten!

Can you see the answer? Now you listen and write.

1

- Girl: I love kittens! What colour is it?
Man: Well, there was a beautiful brown kitten at the shop, but he was very young and he had to be with his mother. Then I saw a little black kitten and I loved him!
Girl: Did you get the black one then?
Man: Yes, I did. Write that down.

2

- Man: Any more questions?
Boy: Yes, how old is the kitten?
Man: I don't know when his birthday is, but I think he's 10 weeks old. He's very small and beautiful!
Boy: Hmm.

3

- Boy: And what does he like to do?
Man: Well, he can't go outside yet because he's too young. But he likes to run and jump inside.
Boy: I love playing with kittens!
Man: Me too.

4

- Girl: What does he eat? Does he like meat or fish?
Man: No, he eats kitten food.
Girl: Does he eat a lot of kitten food?
Man: Yes, he's always hungry!

5

Man: Any more questions?
Girl: Yes! You didn't tell us his name!
Man: Oh yes, he's called Soot.
Girl: That's a good name. Can you spell that for us?
Man: Yes, of course. It's S-double O-T.
Girl: Thanks.

Now listen to Part 2 again.
[The recording is repeated.]

That is the end of Part 2.

Listening Part 3

Track 17

Part 3. Mrs Lily is telling Jack what her family got at the weekend. What did each person buy?

Listen and write a letter in each box. There is one example.

Boy: Did you have a good weekend, Mrs Lily?
Woman: Yes, I did, Jack. My family and I went to the town centre to do some shopping.
Boy: What did you buy?
Woman: I got a new blue bicycle helmet. I can use it when I ride my bike to school. Look, here it is.
Boy: It's very nice. I like the colour.

Can you see the letter "C"? Now you listen and write a letter in each box.

Boy: Did Mr Lily go shopping with you?
Woman: Yes, he did. He wanted to buy a new tennis racket, but he didn't like any of the rackets in the shop. He got some new tennis balls.
Boy: Does he like playing tennis?
Woman: Yes, he does. He plays every Friday at the sports centre.

Woman: My children came shopping with us, too.
Boy: What did they buy?
Woman: My oldest daughter is called Sally. She got a red scarf.
Boy: But it isn't cold. It's hot!
Woman: I know! She isn't going to wear it now. She's going to wear it when it's cold!

Boy: Have you got another daughter, Mrs Lily?
Woman: Yes, I have. She's called Zoe and she's 10.
Boy: What did she buy?
Woman: She got a new, green skirt because she's going to a birthday party next week.

Woman: My Aunt Alice came shopping, too.
Boy: Oh, OK. Did she buy some clothes too?
Woman: No, she didn't. She doesn't like shopping. She got some toothpaste from the supermarket, then she went home.

Woman: My son Dan is five years old.
Boy: Did he buy a new toy from the shops?
Woman: No, he didn't. I got him a new comic.

Boy: That's fun!
Woman: Yes! Dan was very happy.

Now listen to Part 3 again.
[The recording is repeated.]

That is the end of Part 3.

Listening Part 4

Track 18

Part 4. Look at the pictures. Listen and look. There is one example.

What does Nick want to do today?

Woman: Nick, what do you want to do today? It's very sunny. Shall we go to the beach?
Boy: No, I don't want to go to the beach. I have a headache.
Woman: Oh no, do you want to go back to bed?
Boy: No, I'm OK. But I want to sit quietly in the living room and read my new book.
Woman: OK.

Can you see the tick? Now you listen and tick the box.

1

What part of her body did Pat hurt?

Girl: Dad, I fell off my bike!
Man: Oh, no. Are you OK, Pat? Did you hit your head?
Girl: No, I didn't. My head's fine. And my legs are OK too because I was wearing long trousers. But my arm hurts.
Man: Let me see. Oh yes, let's wash it.
Girl: Ow!

2

What animal did Sally see at the farm?

Man: Did you have a nice day at the farm?
Girl: Yes, it was great.
Man: Did you see any chickens?
Girl: Yes, we did. There weren't any sheep or any horses, but we saw a lot of chickens! I gave them some food.
Man: Good.

3

What does Peter want to do on his birthday?

Woman: Do you want to do something nice for your birthday?
Boy: Yes, I do! What can we do?
Woman: Well, shall we go to the cinema?
Boy: No, we did that last birthday.
Woman: Oh yes. How about going to the sports centre with some friends?
Boy: No, that's boring. Can we go to the zoo? Please, Mum!
Woman: OK, let's do that. You can choose three friends to come with us.
Boy: Thanks! You're the best mum in the world!

4

What did Mary lose at the park?

Man: Did you enjoy playing at the park?
Girl: No, I didn't. I lost something that I love.
Man: Oh no, did you lose your favourite doll?
Girl: No, I didn't take her with me. I lost my new purple scarf.
Man: Oh no!
Girl: I took off my hat and coat because I was hot.
Man: Did you lose your coat too?
Girl: No, I found my coat, but I couldn't find my scarf.
Man: Don't be sad. We can buy you a new one when we go to town tomorrow.

5

What does Tom have to drink?

Boy: Mum, I'm thirsty. Can I have a drink?
Woman: Yes, you can. Would you like some milk?
Boy: No, thank you. Can I have some lemonade, please?
Woman: We don't have any lemonade. How about some orange juice?
Boy: Yes, please!

Now listen to Part 4 again.

[The recording is repeated.]

That is the end of Part 4.

Listening Part 5

Track 19

Part 5. Look at the picture. Listen and look.
There is one example.

Boy: I like this picture. Can I colour it?
Woman: Yes, you can.
Boy: What shall I colour first?
Woman: There are two girls who are sitting at the table. Can you see?
Boy: Yes, I can.
Woman: The girl who is eating the soup is wearing a sweater. Colour that green.
Boy: OK, I'm doing it now.

Can you see the green sweater? This is an example. Now you listen and colour and draw.

1

Woman: Now, can you colour the lamp?
Boy: Which one?
Woman: Colour the lamp next to the bookcase. Colour it yellow.
Boy: OK, there.
Woman: Great, well done.

2

Woman: There is a little boy who is playing with his trucks.
Boy: Yes, I can see. Can I colour one of the trucks blue?
Woman: OK, colour the bigger one blue.
Boy: OK.

3

Boy: What now?
Woman: Can you see the fruit bowl on the table?
Boy: Yes, I can. That's a big pineapple.
Woman: Yes, it is. Colour it grey.
Boy: Grey? That's a funny colour for a pineapple!
Woman: Yes, it is.

4

Woman: Would you like to write something now?
Boy: Yes, please. I love writing.
Woman: OK, can you see the pictures on the wall?
Boy: Yes, I can. I like the bottom picture. I think that's a picture of the sun.
Woman: That's right. Can you write the word "sun" on the wall under the picture?
Boy: Yes, I can.

5

Woman: And last, there are two girls who are watching TV.
Boy: Yes, they're sitting on the sofa.
Woman: Yes, that's right. Do you want to colour one of their dresses purple?
Boy: Which one?
Woman: Colour the dress of the girl with the straight long hair.
Boy: OK, I'm doing that now.

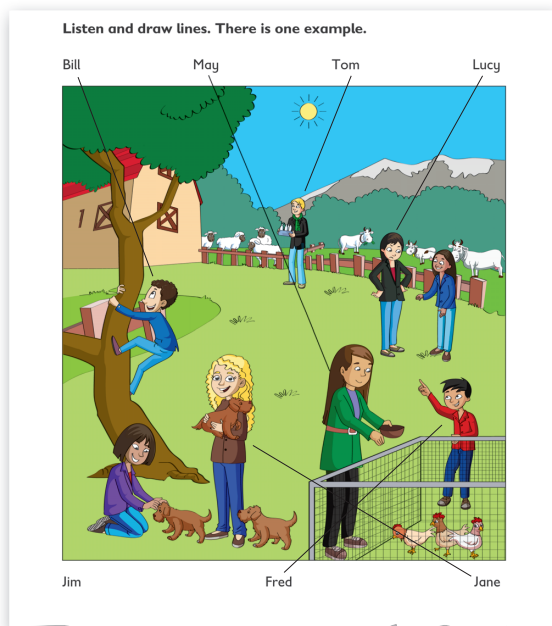
Now listen to Part 5 again.

[The recording is repeated.]

That is the end of the A1 Movers Listening Test, Test 3.

Test 3: Answer key

Listening Part 1 (5 marks)



Listening Part 2 (5 marks)

- | | |
|---------|--------|
| 1 black | 2 10 |
| 3 jump | 4 food |
| 5 Soot | |

Listening Part 3 (5 marks)

- | | |
|------------|---|
| Mr Lily | H |
| Aunt Alice | D |
| Sally | B |
| Dan | G |
| Zoe | E |

Listening Part 4 (5 marks)

- | | |
|-----|-----|
| 1 B | 2 A |
| 3 B | 4 C |
| 5 B | |

Listening Part 5 (5 marks)



Reading & Writing Part 1 (5 marks)

- | | |
|--------------|-----------|
| 1 a scarf | 2 a puppy |
| 3 a bedroom | 4 socks |
| 5 a basement | |

Reading & Writing Part 2 (6 marks)

- | | |
|-----|-----|
| 1 A | 2 B |
| 3 C | 4 B |
| 5 A | 6 B |

Reading & Writing Part 3 (6 marks)

- | | |
|------------|--------------------------|
| 1 headache | 2 doctor |
| 3 gave | 4 bottles |
| 5 drink | 6 Playing in hot weather |

Reading & Writing Part 4 (5 marks)

- | | |
|-----------|------|
| 1 take | 2 in |
| 3 biggest | 4 be |
| 5 many | |

Reading & Writing Part 5 (7 marks)

- | | |
|---------------|----------------|
| 1 wore | 2 a book |
| 3 the garden | 4 live quietly |
| 5 great | 6 two men |
| 7 the pirates | |

Reading & Writing Part 6 (6 marks)

- | | |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 helicopter | 2 milk |
| 3 There are three boys. | 4 He's eating a banana. |
| 5 child's own answer | 6 child's own answer |

Test 3: Scripts for Speaking

Speaking Parts 1–5

Track 20

[This is the recording without student's responses. This recording includes pauses so that your child can practise taking part in the Speaking Test. Sometimes, you might need to pause the track for longer, to give your child time to respond.]

Track 21

[This is the recording with student's responses.]

Part	To do	To say	Student's response (variations possible)	Back-up questions
1	<p>[The usher brings the student in.]</p> <p>Show the student both find the differences pictures.</p>	<p>[The usher to the examiner: <i>Hello, this is (student's name).</i>]</p> <p><i>Hello (student's name), my name's (examiner's name).</i></p> <p><i>How old are you?</i></p> <p><i>Look at these pictures. They look the same, but some things are different.</i></p> <p><i>It's sunny here, but it's cloudy there.</i></p> <p><i>What other different things can you see?</i></p>	<p><i>Hello.</i></p> <p><i>Nine. etc.</i></p> <p><i>There's a waterfall here, but there's a river there.</i></p> <p><i>There are lots of leaves on the trees here, but there are no leaves on the trees there.</i></p> <p><i>This man is sitting on his bike, but this man is standing next to his bike.</i></p> <p><i>There's a woman swimming here, but there's a boy fishing there.</i></p>	<p><i>Are you nine?</i></p> <p>Point to differences the student doesn't mention. Give first half of response: <i>There's a waterfall here ...</i></p> <p><i>There are lots of leaves on the trees here ...</i></p> <p><i>This man is sitting on his bike ...</i></p> <p><i>There's a woman swimming here ...</i></p>

Part	To do	To say	Student's response (variations possible)	Back-up questions
2	Show the student the picture story. Allow time for the student to look at the pictures.	<i>These pictures show a story. It's called "Kite comes home". Look at the pictures first.</i> <i>The girl and the man are at the park. She is holding a blue kite. It's a very windy day. She's happy.</i>		Point at the pictures.
	Point at the other pictures	<i>Now you tell the story.</i>	<p><i>The wind is strong. The girl loses her kite. She isn't holding the kite now. The kite is flying in the sky.</i></p> <p><i>The man is jumping. He is trying to catch the kite, but he can't get it. The girl is waving goodbye to her kite. She is sad.</i></p> <p><i>The girl and the man are walking down the road. The girl is sad. The man has his arm on the girl's shoulder. He's trying to make the girl happy.</i></p> <p><i>The girl and the man get home. The girl's kite is in the tree outside her house. The girl is pointing at her kite. She is very happy. The man is surprised to see the kite again.</i></p>	<p>Where is the kite?</p> <p>Has the girl got the kite now?</p> <p>Is the wind strong?</p> <p>What's the girl doing?</p> <p>What's the man doing?</p> <p>Where are they now?</p> <p>What are they doing?</p> <p>Is the girl happy?</p> <p>What's the man doing?</p> <p>Where are they now?</p> <p>What's that in the tree?</p> <p>What's the girl doing?</p> <p>Is she happy now?</p> <p>Is the man happy?</p>
3	Show the student the odd one out pictures. Reveal, using a separate blank card, each set of pictures in turn.	<i>Now look at these four pictures. One is different. The sweater is different because it's a thing you wear. These three pictures are all places in a town.</i>		

Part	To do	To say	Student's response (variations possible)	Back-up questions
		Now you tell me about these pictures. Which one is different? Why?	<p>The fish is different because it's an animal. These three pictures are school things.</p> <p>The car is different. The bird, bat and kangaroo are all animals.</p> <p>The milk is different because it's a drink. These three pictures are all foods.</p>	<p>Which things do you use to write or draw?</p> <p>Point to the fish. Do you write or draw with this?</p> <p>Which things can fly?</p> <p>Point to the car. Can this fly?</p> <p>What things can you eat?</p> <p>Point to the glass of water. Can you eat this?</p>
4	Put the pictures away.	<p>Now let's talk about you and your hobbies.</p> <p>What hobbies do you do?</p> <p>How often do you do that?</p> <p>Why do you like it?</p> <p>Tell me what hobby your best friend does?</p> <p>OK, thank you. Goodbye.</p>	<p>I play tennis.</p> <p>Every Saturday.</p> <p>Because it's exciting.</p> <p>My best friend goes horse riding every weekend.</p> <p>Goodbye.</p>	<p>Do you play tennis?</p> <p>Do you play tennis at the weekends?</p> <p>Is tennis exciting?</p> <p>What's your best friend's name? Does (friend's name) have a hobby? What is it? How often does he/she do it?</p>

Glossary

adjective

An adjective is a word that describes a noun. It is used for telling you more about a person or thing.

*She's a **young** girl.*
*His bike is **red**.*
*It's a **beautiful** bird.*

adverb

An adverb is a word that gives more information about when, how, or where something happens.

*He spoke **slowly** and **clearly**.*
*I want to get **down** now.*

noun

A noun is a word that refers to a person, a thing, or a quality. A countable noun is something that can be counted, and has both a singular and plural forms, e.g. *an apple, two apples*. An uncountable noun is something that can't be counted, and does not have a plural form, e.g. *water, milk*.

***Lemons** are yellow.*
*Pat has two **cats**.*
*I'd like some **water**, please.*

preposition

A preposition is a word that describes where something is, e.g. *in, on, under, behind, between, next to, in front of*.

*The ball is **under** the chair.*
*The cake is on the table **next to** the lemonade.*

pronoun

A pronoun is a word that you use instead of a noun, when you do not need or want to name someone or something directly.

*Jim took the book and opened **it**.*
*He rang Mary and invited **her** to dinner.*

verb

A verb is a word that describes an action or a state of being.

*The cat **is sleeping** on the chair.*
*Nick **is happy**.*
*I **like** ice cream.*

Vocabulary list

Below is the official vocabulary list for *Cambridge English Qualifications A1 Movers*. The words and phrases have been arranged thematically. Some words appear in more than one theme.

Key	(n) noun	(pl) plural noun	(s) singular noun	(v) verb
	Pre A1 Starters		A1 Movers	
Animals	animal bear bee bird cat chicken cow crocodile dog donkey duck elephant fish (s & pl) frog giraffe goat	hippo horse jellyfish lizard monkey mouse/mice pet polar bear sheep (s & pl) snake spider tail tiger zebra zoo	bat bear cage dolphin fly jungle kitten lion	panda parrot penguin pet puppy rabbit shark snail whale
The body & face	arm body ear eye face foot/feet hair	hand head leg mouth nose smile	back beard blond(e) curly fair fat moustache	neck shoulder stomach straight thin tooth/teeth
Clothes	bag baseball cap boots clothes dress glasses handbag hat jacket jeans	shirt shoe shorts skirt sock trousers T-shirt watch wear	coat helmet scarf sweater swimsuit	
Colours	black blue brown green grey (or gray) orange	pink purple red white yellow		

	Pre A1 Starters		A1 Movers	
Health			cold cough cry doctor earache fall fine headache hospital	hurt ill matter (what's the matter?) nurse sick stomach-ache temperature tired toothache
The home	apartment armchair bath bathroom bed bedroom bookcase box camera chair clock computer cupboard desk dining room doll door flat floor flower garden hall	house kitchen lamp living room mat mirror painting phone picture poster radio room rug sleep sofa table television/TV toy tree wall window	address balcony basement blanket downstairs dream elevator (UK lift)	floor (e.g. ground, 1 st) internet laptop lift (US elevator) message roof seat shower stair(s) toothbrush toothpaste towel
Numbers	1–20		21–100 hundred	pair 1 st –20 th

	Pre A1 Starters		A1 Movers	
Places & directions	behind between here in in front of next to on	park shop (US store) store (UK shop) street there under zoo	above along around below building bus station bus stop café car park centre cinema circle circus city/town centre farm funfair	hospital library map market near opposite place road shopping centre sports centre square station straight supermarket swimming pool town/city centre
School	alphabet answer ask board book bookcase class classmates classroom close colour computer correct count crayons cross cupboard desk door draw(ing) English eraser example find floor know learn lesson letter (as in alphabet) line listen (to)	look name number open page painting paper part pen pencil picture playground question read right (as in correct) rubber ruler school sentence spell stand (up) story teacher tell tick (<i>n & v</i>) understand wall window word write	break homework internet mistake teach text website	

	Pre A1 Starters		A1 Movers	
Sports & leisure	badminton	kite	app	party
	ball	listen (to)	bat	player
	baseball	paint(ing)	band (music)	pool
	basketball	paper	cinema	practice
	bat	photo	CD	practise
	beach	piano	comic/comic book	present
	bike	picture	dance	ride (n)
	boat	play (with)	drive (n)	roller skates
	book	radio	DVD	roller skating
	bounce	read	e-book	sail
	camera	ride (v)	email	score
	catch	run	film (US movie)	skate
	doll	sing	fish	skip
	draw(ing)	skateboard	go shopping	sports centre
	drive (v)	skateboarding	goal	swim (n)
	enjoy	soccer (UK football)	holiday	swimming pool
	favourite	song	hop	text
	fish(ing)	sport	ice skates	towel
	fly	story	ice skating	video
	football (US soccer)	table tennis	kick (n)	walk (n)
	fun	tablet	movie (UK film)	
	game	television/TV	net	
	guitar	tennis		
	hit	tennis racket		
	hobby	throw		
	hockey	toy		
	jump	TV/television		
	kick (v)	watch		
Time	afternoon	evening	after	The days of the week:
	birthday	morning	always	
	clock	night	before	
	day	today	every	
	end	watch	never	
			o'clock	
			sometimes	
Toys	ball	lorry (US truck)	model	
	baseball	monster		
	basketball	plane		
	bike	robot		
	board game	skateboard		
	car	skateboarding		
	doll	teddy (bear)		
	football	toy		
	game	train		
	helicopter	truck (UK lorry)		
	kite			

	Pre A1 Starters		A1 Movers	
Transport	bike boat bus car drive (v) fly (v) go helicopter lorry (US truck)	motorbike plane ride (v) run ship swim train truck (UK lorry) walk	bus station bus stop drive (n) driver	ride (n) station ticket tractor trip
Weather	sun		cloud cloudy rain rainbow snow	sunny weather wind windy
Work	teacher		circus clown cook dentist doctor driver farmer	film (US movie) star hospital nurse pirate pop star work
The world around us	beach sand sea shell	street sun tree water	building city country(side) field forest grass ground island jungle lake leaf/leaves moon	mountain plant river road rock sky star town village waterfall wave world
Useful words and Expressions	bye cool fantastic fun go to bed go to sleep goodbye hello hi hooray I don't know no oh dear on	OK pardon please right so sorry thank you thanks then well well done wow yes	all right Brilliant! excuse me! good morning good afternoon good evening good night fine! Great! How about...? (suggestion)	I didn't hear you I didn't understand you What a beautiful day! What did you say? What's the matter?

	Pre A1 Starters		A1 Movers	
Adjectives	angry	its	afraid	huge
	beautiful	long	all	hungry
	big	my	all right	ill
	clean	new	asleep	last
	closed	nice	awake	little
	cool	old	back	loud
	correct	our	bad	naughty
	dirty	right (correct)	best	pretty
	double	sad	better	quick
	English	scary	blond(e)	quiet
	fantastic	short	boring	round
	favourite	silly	bottom	sick
	funny	small	brave	square
	good	sorry	brilliant	straight
	great	their	busy	strong
	happy	ugly	careful	sunny
	her	young	clever	surprised
	his	your	cloudy	sweet
			cold	tall
			curly	terrible
			dangerous	thin
			different	third
			difficult	thirsty
			dry	tired
			easy	top
			exciting	weak
			famous	well
			fair	wet
			fat	windy
			fine	worse
			first	worst
			frightened	wrong
			hot	
Determiners	a/an	some	all	every
	a lot of	that	another	more
	lots of	the	any	most
	many	these	both	
	my	this		
	no	those		
	one			

	Pre A1 Starters		A1 Movers	
Adverbs	a lot again here lots not now	then there today too very	all all right always back badly best better carefully down downstairs first how how much how often inside last loudly more most near never	o'clock off often on only out outside quickly quietly round second sometimes then third up upstairs well when worse worst yesterday
Prepositions	about at behind between for from in in front of	like next to of on to under with	above after along around at before below by down	inside into near off on opposite round than up
Conjunctions	and but	or	because than	then
Pronouns	he her hers him his I it its me mine one ours	she that theirs them these they this those us we you yours	all another any both everyone everything more	most nothing someone something which who

	Pre A1 Starters		A1 Movers	
Verbs	Irregular:	look	Irregular:	Regular:
	be	look at	be called	call
	catch (a ball)	love	bring	carry
	choose	make	build	change
	come	put	buy	climb
	count	open	catch (e.g. a bus)	cook
	do	paint	dry	cry
	draw	phone	fall	dance
	drink	pick up	feed	dream
	drive	play (with)	get (un)dressed	dress up
	eat	point	get (up/on/off)	drop
	find	read	go shopping	email
	fly	ride	grow	film
	get	run	have (got) to	fish
	give	say	hide	fix
	go	see	hurt	help
	have	sing	lose	hop
	have (got)	sit (down)	mean	invite
	hit	sleep	must	laugh
	hold	spell	put on	look for
	know	stand (up)	send	move
	learn	swim	take	need
	Regular:	show	take off	plant
	add	smile	teach	practise
	answer	start	think	rain
	ask	stop	wake up	sail
	bounce	take (a photo)		score
	clap	tell		shop
	clean	talk		shout
	close	test		skate
	colour	throw		skip
	complete	tick		snow
	cross	try		text
	enjoy	understand		travel
	jump	walk		video
	kick	want		wait
	learn	watch		wash
	like	wave		water
	listen (to)	wear		work
	live	write		
Modals	can/cannot/can't		could (past tense of can)	shall
			must	would
Questions words	how	where	how much	
	how many	which	how often	
	how old	who	when	
	what	whose	why	

	Pre A1 Starters		A1 Movers	
Names	Alex	Lucy	Charlie	Lily
	Alice	Mark	Clare	Mary
	Ann	Matt	Daisy	Paul
	Anna	May	Fred	Peter
	Ben	Nick	Jack	Sally
	Bill	Pat	Jane	Vicky
	Eva	Sam	Jim	Zoe
	Jill	Sue	Julia	
	Kim	Tom		