FINDING THE TRANSLATION YOU NEED

Make sure you look at the right entry.

> ➢ Accents in French often change the sound of a letter and can change the meaning of a word. For example, *mémé* and *même* have different meanings:

la **mémé** NOUN   *means*   granny
même ADJECTIVE   *means*   same

Your turn! À ton tour!

Use your dictionary to look up each word and write the correct meaning beside it.

l'âge NOUN   *means*   _____

âgé ADJECTIVE   *means*   _____

la branche NOUN   *means*   _____

branché ADJECTIVE   *means*   _____

la côte NOUN   *means*   _____

le côté NOUN   *means*   _____

la marche NOUN   *means*   _____

le marché NOUN   *means*   _____

le mur NOUN   *means*   _____

mûr ADJECTIVE   *means*   _____

sale ADJECTIVE   *means*   _____

salé ADJECTIVE   *means*   _____

sur PREPOSITION   *means*   _____

sûr ADJECTIVE   *means*   _____

Tip: When you look up a word, pay close attention to any accents to make sure you select the word that has the meaning you want.

> Sometimes when you look for a word, you'll find two entries that are spelled the same way, and each one has a different meaning. How do you know which entry to check?

plat (FEM **plate**) ADJECTIVE
  ▷ *see also* **plat** NOUN
  flat
  ■ **être à plat ventre** to be lying face down
  ■ **l'eau plate** still water

le plat MASC NOUN
  ▷ *see also* **plat** ADJECTIVE
  1 dish
  2 course
    □ le plat principal the main course
    ■ **un plat cuisiné** a pre-cooked meal
    ■ **le plat de résistance** the main course
    ■ **le plat du jour** the dish of the day

Beside each entry word there's a label that tells you what <u>part of speech</u> it is.

In the examples above, you can see that *plat* can be either an ADJECTIVE or a NOUN. If you needed to know what the adjective *plat* means, you would look at the entry on the left.

Your turn! À ton tour!

Use your dictionary to look up the underlined French word and write down the English translation. Make sure you look at the correct part of speech.

des films <u>comiques</u>   _____

un excellent <u>comique</u>   _____

un <u>nouveau</u> dans la classe   _____

un <u>nouveau</u> pantalon   _____

Now write down the French translation for these English words, checking that you have looked at the correct part of speech.

a bad <u>cold</u>   _____

it's <u>cold</u>   _____

a <u>fine</u> musician   _____

a £50 <u>fine</u>   _____

on the <u>right</u>   _____

the <u>right</u> answer   _____

Tip: When you look up a word, make sure you check that you are looking at the part of speech you need.