#### Pages 80-81 Comparing distributions

- **1 a** C **b** M **c** M **d** C
- **2** a Mode: 10X: 0, 10Y: 4 b Median: 10X: 2, 10Y: 2.5 c Mean: 10X: 2.2, 10Y: 2.5 d 10Y: as bigger averages
- **3** B, as more consistent and mode is 0
- **4** a, b and c
- **5 a** both 2.5 **b** Aisha 7, Betty 3 **c** Aisha, as she sometimes scores lots of goals or Betty, as she is more consistent
- **6 a i 7 ii 7 b i 10 ii 4 c** Outside is more consistent or greenhouse has more tomatoes on some plants

#### Pages 82–83 Line graphs

- **1** a 14 °C b Thursday and Saturday c Friday 17 °C d Line has no meaning. Temperature changes throughout the day. Values are just the values at 12 midday.
- **2** a Midnight 3 °C, Midday 6 °C b 6 °C c Friday 12 °C
- **3 a** 1900 miles **b** 5500 miles **c** June
- 4 a 9000–10 000 b No, doesn't necessarily drop below 5000
  c Yes, change is continuous, about 15 000
- 5 No, can't assume it keeps raining but if graph continues at same rate it will flood by 2 pm.











#### Pages 88–89 Surveys

- 1 b and c
- 2 a i Not enough responses ii Not enough responses iii Not relevant to questionb Good range of responses that covers all views
- 3 1 Leading question, 2 offensive question
- **4** Derek. He gets a random sample while others are biased.
- 5 Not enough responses
- 6 Quota sampling, will give a varied sample
- 7 All the men and only a fraction of women is not representative.
- 8 a i Not enough responses ii Not enough responses iii Not relevant to questionb Good range of responses which can be analysed mathematically
- **9** Owen. All methods give a random sample but the more students surveyed the better.

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- **b** The marrows grown inside are 0.1 kg heavier on average.
- c The marrows grown outside are less consistent.
- **2 a** The upper and lower quartiles and lowest and highest values are symmetrical about the median.

Handling data

answers



(1 mark for 3 parts correct)

- **3 a i** 141 cm **ii** 10 cm **b** 8
- **4 a** IQR: 14 cm, median: 40 cm **b** IQR: 19 cm, median: 52 cm
  - **c** Trees in park are bigger by about 12 cm and also they are more consistent with a lower range.

### Pages 92–93 Probability 1



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#### Pages 94–95 Probability 2

- **1 a i** 0 ii 1 **b** i  $\frac{1}{4}$  ii  $\frac{3}{4}$
- **2 a** Probabilities are 0.4 and 0.6 on each pair of branches. **b i** 0.16 (1 mark for 0.4 x 0.4) **ii** 0.36 (1 mark for 0.6 x 0.6)
- **3** a  $\frac{1}{3}$  (1 mark for  $\frac{6}{10} \times \frac{5}{9}$ ) b  $\frac{7}{15}$  (1 mark for  $\frac{1}{3} + \frac{2}{15}$ )

**4** Bag B as  $\frac{4}{7}$  is bigger than  $\frac{5}{9}$  (1 mark for either probability)

- **5 a** 40 **b**  $\frac{1}{625}$  **c**  $\frac{48}{625}$
- **6 a i**  $\frac{1}{6}$  **ii**  $\frac{5}{6}$  **b i**  $\frac{1}{6} \times \frac{5}{6} + \frac{5}{6} \times \frac{1}{6} = \frac{10}{36}$  **ii** He loses £1.60

**7 a** Tom, as most throws **b** 6 white and 14 black,  $320 \div 1000 \approx 0.3$  and  $0.3 \times 20 = 6$ 

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