

<p>Big Cat 1 (WORDS): Understanding Words SATs: 2a – Give/explain the meaning of words in context.</p>	<p>Big Cat 2 (KNOWL): Knowledge SATs: 2b – Retrieve and record information/identify key details from fiction and non-fiction. SATs: 2c – Summarise main ideas from more than one paragraph.</p>	<p>Big Cat 3 (INF): Inference SATs: 2d – Make inferences from the text/explain and justify inferences with evidence from the text. SATs: 2e – Predict what might happen from details stated and implied.</p>	<p>Big Cat 4 (STRUC): Text Structure, Function and Layout SATs: 2f – Identify/explain how information/narrative content is related and contributes to meaning as a whole.</p>	<p>Big Cat 5 (LANG): Language SATs: 2g – Identify/explain how meaning is enhanced through choice of words and phrases.</p>	<p>Big Cat 6 (THEME): Themes and Conventions of Texts SATs: 2h – Make comparisons within the text.</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Give the meanings of words in different contexts, particularly homophones, taking into consideration language, structure and presentation. • Use dictionaries to discover meanings of unfamiliar words. • Investigate the etymology of words. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Draw out answers to literal questions. • Identify whether statements are true or false. • Present information in tables. • Separate fact from opinion. • Summarise and present key points or the main ideas from sections of text. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Generate ideas or conclusions from evidence or reasons in order to make an ‘educated guess’. • Determine a character’s feelings, thoughts and motives from their actions, using evidence from the text to support answers. • Make predictions about future events based on previous events, actions or details, explicit or implied. • Identify the author’s viewpoint within a piece of writing. • Identify, challenge and compare characters’ viewpoints within fiction and non-fiction using evidence from the text. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Explain and use non-fiction text features to improve the accessibility of texts. • Describe how word order can affect meaning. • Link narrative content to narrative structure. • Identify genres, beyond whether the text is fiction or non-fiction, based on text features, including different types of poetry. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Discuss how different language choices affect meaning, mood and impact on the reader. • Describe how punctuation is used to affect mood and meaning. • Identify occasions where metaphor, simile, analogy, imagery are used as well as commenting on authorial style and consequent effect. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Identify themes and conventions within texts, such as courage, heroism, friendship. • Identify texts with similar themes. • Compare the similarities and differences between familiar texts and characters within different and same texts. • Deciding on the key points on which a recommendation could be made.