Noun phrases I

A **phrase** is a small group of words that makes up a meaningful unit in a sentence. A noun phrase does not usually have a verb and it does not make sense on its own.

Examples:

The rubbish was put in the bin.



The fish were swimming **around the pond**.



Often a single noun could replace a phrase. Noun phrases are used to add more detail.

Example:

The **lucky little girl** won a prize.



In the example above, this could simply have said, "The girl won a prize." The words "lucky little" add more detail.

Warm up



1) What word type is **not** usually found in a noun phrase? Choose from the words below.

verb

noun

adjective

adverb

Test yourself



- 2) Find the noun phrase in each of these sentences.
 - a) My friend's cat likes jumping.
 - **b)** We ate dinner in the kitchen.
 - c) I drank a cup of warm tea.
 - d) Alex ran along the beach.
 - e) Kara's pink bedroom was messy.
 - f) He walked down the path.
 - g) We can't go shopping in the heavy rain.



Challenge yourself



3 Copy the sentences and choose a noun phrase below to complete each one.

of dirty plates

at the park

after lunch

deep and cold

upside down

small and quiet

- a) Bats hang ...
- **b)** The waiter was carrying a pile ...
- c) The mouse, ..., scuttled away.
- **d)** The sea is ...
- e) We played football ...
- f) Bo finished his homework ...
- 4 Read the noun phrase at the start of each sentence and write a suitable ending.
 - a) After a long time, ...
 - **b)** The pretty, white snowflakes ...











Determiners and articles

A **determiner** goes before a noun or noun phrase. The most common determiners are the, a and an. They are also known as articles.

The **definite article** is **the**. It is normally used when we are talking about a particular thing.

Examples:

the piano

the egg **the** new school

The **indefinite** article is **a** or **an**. These are normally used when we are talking about a thing in general.

Examples:

a piano

an egg **a** new school

We use **a** before a word beginning with a consonant and **an** before a word beginning with a vowel. Words beginning with a silent **h** are exceptions. We use **an** before them because they have a vowel sound.

Examples:

a hospital (**h** is not silent) **an** hour (**h** is silent)



- Identify the **determiners** in each sentence below.
 - a) The people, who were waiting at the bus stop, wanted the next bus to be red.
 - **b)** An artist, who painted in the style of Van Gogh, once entered his work in an exhibition.
 - c) A local choir beat a flautist, a clarinettist and a pianist to win first prize at the National Music Festival.



Test yourself



- 2 Which sentence uses the correct determiner?
 - a) We eat the cake every day.
 - **b)** A octopus has eight legs.
 - c) She travels into the London every day for work.
 - d) He wanted to buy a new car.



Challenge yourself



- 3 Choose **a**, **an** or **the** to fill in the gaps in the sentences below.
 - a) Although ______ tide was coming in, we still managed to have some time playing on ______ beach.
 - **b)** On Saturday _____ weather will be humid with _____ thunderstorm likely.
 - c) Mum asked us to shut _____ windows because ____ rain was coming in.
 - **d)** ______ African elephant has larger ears than _____ Asian elephant.
 - e) Our class went on _____ visit to _____ science museum in London.
 - **f)** My sister screamed when she saw _____ large, hairy spider crawl across her bedroom.



How did you do?







Progress test 3

Rewrite the sentences below adding any full stops or capital letters in the correct place.

- 1 sophie won second prize in the skipping race at sports day she was very happy
- 2 i love gardening with my sister at the weekend we are trying to grow some vegetables of our own
- 3 What is another name for inverted commas?
 - a) commas
 - **b)** exclamation marks
 - c) inverted full stops
 - d) speech marks
- 4 Copy the sentence below and add inverted commas in the correct place.

Can you hear me? I asked.

Copy the conversations below and add the inverted commas and correct punctuation.

- 5 Can I go and play at Al's house I asked Dad
- 6 Yes but make sure you are home for 5pm Dad replied.
- 7 Copy the sentence below. Add any missing full stops or capital letters.

speedy went so fast on his skateboard he overtook a bicycle

Give an example of when you might be asked to write a letter that uses:

- 8 standard English
- 9 non-standard English
- 10 Rewrite this sentence using standard English.

I love watching football, it's well good.

Progress test 3

- 11) Which sentence uses inverted commas correctly?
 - a) "The teacher shouted please sit down!"
 - **b)** The teacher shouted, "Please sit down!"
 - c) The teacher shouted, Please "Sit down!"
 - **d)** "The teacher shouted," please sit down.
- Write a sentence that uses a question mark.

Turn the sentences below into a dialogue between the two characters. Remember to use inverted commas and speech punctuation correctly.

- 13 James is going to ask his mum if he can stay up late to watch TV.
- James's mum is going to say no because it is a school night but he can stay up later at the weekend.
- Write an exclamation.

Rewrite these text messages in standard English.







18 Rewrite this message in informal English.

Please can all children attend a dress rehearsal on Monday evening at 7.00 pm.

- 19 Write a statement.
- 20) Give one example of a type of text where you may find direct speech.